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MINERS GOING BACK TO WORK.

On the Other Hand the Miners at Clarksburg Are Reported to Be Awaiting the Decision of the Conference at Wheeling Today—General Situation.

FAIRMONT, W. Va., July 27.—Mahon announced a meeting at New England, and said he would make a speech there in spite of the efforts of the operators to keep their men from attending. "Forty guards have been placed there," he said, "but all the guards in the county can't keep them from coming out." Mahon was wrong. He went there and only 23 miners greeted him, which disgusted him so that he came back to his hotel without even bidding them a friendly goodbye. To the newspaper men who asked him the reason of his action he said he must go to Montana, where half the men were out, but he did not go there, and investigation shows that not a man there has joined the strikers.

The injunction issued by Special Judge Mason has put an end to the strike here. With all the leaders but Mahon at Wheeling and he tightly closeted in his hotel, the men say there is nothing left for them but to go to work. Fully 100 men took this step at Monongah, which, with 80 men imported from the Connellsville region, makes 180 men at work there. The injunction issued has not as yet been served and the operators think this step will be unnecessary. It was addressed to Debs, Mahon, Ratchford, Rea, Coslett, Miller, Owens, Burgess, Burg and 41 local men and forbids them delivering incendiary speeches, or in any way threatening the men who want employment. It has done the work. There are many miners who want to go back to work and that step will be taken today.

CLARKSBURG, W. Va., July 27.—The miners held a meeting at the depot here and organized a union of United Mine Workers of America. Over 200 men attended. Guards were put out and newspaper men were not allowed to attend.

The meeting was secret, but from all could be learned it was agreed that all men should be governed by the action of the meeting of representatives at Wheeling today. All the men are organized and ready to go out, and if, at Wheeling, the word is given they will go.

T. M. Jackson, president of the Pincknick mines, said his men received from \$20 to \$28 per week and that no trouble was feared. Mahon and Rea will be here tomorrow and from present indications all the men will be out by that time. If they do not come out a boycott will be declared and any company using West Virginia coal anywhere in the United States will be boycotted by all labor organizations.

Mr. Mahon says they have the help of all except Chief Arthur, and that he will be brought to time. The meeting at Wheeling will settle the matter, and if West Virginia does not go out the miners predict that coal from this state will not be worth 10 cents a ton, as no union man will work where it is used. WHEELING, July 27.—Though the strike leaders gathering here for the conference this afternoon deny reports that the effort for a general strike in the Fairmont region is a failure, the coal that is coming to Wheeling from Fairmont on the Baltimore and Ohio and sent west and to the lakes by the three coal carrying roads centering here, shows that the output at Fairmont is increasing.

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There is some difference of opinion as to the result of the conference. Debs and Mahon claim that the published reports of the strike being a failure at Fairmont are incorrect. Debs says he is in possession of reliable advices to the effect that the strikers have received heavy accessions.

If the efforts of the agitators in West Virginia has really been a failure, it is believed that the railroad conductors, firemen and brakemen will be asked to refuse to handle West Virginia coal. There is some talk of a general sympathetic strike, but this does not meet with anything approaching even partial favor. A boycott of West Virginia coal in the event that the miners of this state decline to join the strike will be discussed at the conference.

Hanna Wants to Help the Miners.

PITTSBURG, July 27.—Senator Hanna, while passing through here on his way home, said he was much pleased with the passage of the tariff bill. On the mining question Mr. Hanna said he was in favor of any plan that will better the condition of the men. He said he will give his hearty support and cooperation to any movement looking toward that end.

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In speaking of the situation in the Fairmont fields, Debs said he felt encouraged. Several men joined the strikers there on Sunday and others are expected to follow. He says the efforts of the organizers would have been more successful but for the fact that the operators, as he claims, prevented their men from attending the meetings. Practical slavery, he says, exists in the Fairmont mining region.

"Although the press may report the miners as living under favorable conditions in the Fairmont region," said Debs, "I have collected data from farmers, miners and storekeepers which shows that the mining companies cheat their employees in the mines, at the scales and in the company store. The intimidation practiced by the operators has prevented many men from joining the strike, but we are hopeful of ultimate success in West Virginia."

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Miners Can Do Little Pleading With Men Near Canonsburg.

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About 200 strikers from Miller's run arrived at the camp at McGovern by way of Plum run and Houstonville. About 40 more came through here from Bishop. They brought a large quantity of provisions to the camp. A wagon loaded with provisions from Finleyville passed through here en route to the camp. About 100 strikers returned home. A number of small girls, whose fathers are encamped at McGovern, made a canvass of the town to secure supplies. They secured quite a large quantity of food.

8,000 MINERS NEED HELP.

Gov. Mount of Indiana Will Issue an Appeal in Their Behalf.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 27.—Commissioners Conner and Terhune, appointed by Governor Mount to visit the Indiana coalfields and report on the condition of the miners, find that about 8,000 miners and families will need assistance if the present conditions continue. They suggest that prosperous people of Indiana should give the subject their thought. Operators are quoted to the effect that they are responsible for low wages and the condition of miners, owing to competition.

The governor has decided to issue an appeal suggesting some kind of a reasonable relief for the striking miners and their families.

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Meetings of Methodist Ladies.

OCEAN GROVE, N. J., July 27.—The annual convention of the Home Missionary society of the Methodist church and the deaconess and anniversary meetings are being held in the Auditorium here.

The Pope Feeling Much Better.

LONDON, July 27.—The Rome correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette says that in spite of the intense heat the pope is in his usual state of health. Indeed he is feeling much better than he felt last winter.

Secretary Gage in Boston.

BOSTON, July 27.—Lyman J. Gage, secretary of the treasury, who is to be the special guest of honor at a dinner given by Boston business men this afternoon, has arrived, accompanied by his wife.

King and Queen Nearly Shot.

MADRID, July 27.—Queen Regent Christiana and King Alfonso while walking in the woods at St. Sebastian were nearly struck by a youth who was out bird shooting, and who had not noticed their presence.

MINERS HAD TO QUIT.

The Strikers Forced Them Out Near Dennison.

THREATENED WITH VIOLENCE.

The Visitors Marched to the Mines Headed by a Brass Band and Carrying the American Flag—Submission Likely Prevented a Riot.

DENNISON, O., July 27.—The village of Trenton, five miles west of here, was the scene of unusual excitement, when mill miners marched into town headed by an American flag and a brass band. Their purpose was to visit the working miners of the Minnich mines and prevail upon them to quit work. The marchers consisted of a delegation each from Barnhill, Newport, Goshen, Wainwright, Sherrodsville and Mineral Point. Milton Romig, mayor of Trenton, wisely issued an order for all saloons to be closed.

At the first mine visited the miners refused to come out unless by the consent of Mr. Minnich. They were getting the pay they asked, 40 cents for the run of the mines, and wanted to work. The refusal of the men produced a growl among the strikers, and instantly the hot-headed ones began volunteering to go into the mines and "bring them out," which meant by force if necessary.

The men inside were informed of the state of affairs outside and came out. They asked the privilege to work until noon to-day, but were refused. The submission of the men caused cheer after cheer. There is not the least doubt that if the strikers had not been of such numbers the men would have refused to come out, and a riot would have ensued.

New Teachers at Kenyon.

GAMBIER, O., July 27.—The English and Greek chairs of Kenyon college have been filled. Dr. Barker Newhall, who comes to the Greek chair, is a graduate of Haverford and he took his Ph. D. degree at Johns Hopkins. He has been Greek instructor at Brown university. In conjunction with Prof. Manatt he edited Tsountas' "The Mycenaean Age." To the English chair comes Prof. C. H. A. Wager. He graduated at Colgate and took a doctor's degree at Yale. He has been professor of English at Center college, Kentucky.

Suit Against Detective Perkins.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., July 27.—Stephen Kukura, the Hungarian banker of Mt. Pleasant, Pa., who is in jail here on a charge of being a fugitive from justice, preferred by Detective G. B. Perkins of Pittsburgh, has brought suit against the detective for \$5,000 damages for alleged false arrest. The detective arrived this afternoon and notified the prosecutor that he had had enough nonsense about the matter, and he wanted Kukura, without delay, to take him back to Mt. Pleasant.

Nine People Were Injured.

MARIETTA, O., July 27.—The cause of the trestle on the Zanesville and Ohio River railway giving way was rotten timbers. The injured were: Mrs. Clause, arm broken; William Ketter, four ribs broken; Nellie Purdy, leg broken; John Trautman, spine injured, may die; E. Ryan, Parkersburg, shoulder injured; Lucy Rausch, Pittsburgh, injured internally; Fred Wehrs, shoulder broken; Ida Berger, hurt internally; M. G. Seipel, cut all over.

Y. M. C. A. Camping Association.

WARREN, O., July 27.—The Young Men's Christian association, including the members in eight cities, decided to organize the Western Reserve Camping association, so successful was the outing at Sandy Lake, just ended. The committee on organization is W. F. McCaughey of Warren, O. A. Tabor of Salem and W. C. Kinnecut of Cleveland.

A Street Car Collision.

COLUMBUS, July 27.—By the slipping off of a brake chain a rear-end collision occurred of two street cars of the high street line. Several passengers were badly bruised. Mrs. Jennie Burke, 32 years old, had her right leg broken and was injured also in the back. Mrs. Cora Wickliff, aged 25, had her right ankle sprained.

Ordained in Rome.

LAPORTE, Ind., July 27.—Herman Bechtin, a nephew of the Rev. John J. Leckmann, of Michigan City, and a native Ohioan, has been ordained to the priesthood in Rome by the cardinal vicar of Pope Leo XIII., Archbishop of Cassella, and Patriarch of Antioch.

Suicided Before His Wife.

BOWLING GREEN, O., July 24.—John Spieth took a dose of strychnine here in the presence of his wife, and died two hours later. He was about 35 years old, and leaves his wife and one child. Spieth and his wife had separated, and it is supposed that his domestic trouble caused his suicide.

About \$500 Also Missing.

DAYTON, O., July 27.—No tidings have been received of W. H. Maxfield, the missing way bill clerk of the Adams Express company. The receipts of the

last run received by him before his departure are missing. The amount is placed at between \$400 and \$500.

ARMED DEPUTIES NOT NEEDED.

Strikers Merely Issue a Call For a Meeting of DeArmit Miners.

PITTSBURG, July 27.—The striking miners failed to march on DeArmit's mines, so that the 83 deputies on guard, under Sheriff Lowry, were unnecessary. District President Patrick Dolan says all the miners intend to do is hold a meeting, for which the call says:

There will be a massmeeting of all the miners and mine workers employed by the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company on Thursday morning, July 29, at 10 o'clock, at McCrea's schoolhouse, on the Northern pike, to discuss the relation of the New York and Cleveland company employees to the present situation in the coal industry. Able speakers will be present, including President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, Eugene V. Debs, the eloquent executive head of Co-operative Commonwealth, President M. M. Garland of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, President L. R. Thomas of the Pattern Makers' National league, President M. P. Carrick of the National Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators, M. J. Counahan, national secretary of the Plumbers' union, and W. D. Mahon, president of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employees. You are earnestly requested to attend. Take a holiday, one and all, and come to hear the greatest question of the labor movement discussed by the most able and eloquent exponents of labor's cause.

JAPAN UNYIELDING.

Another Protest Filed Against the Annexation of Hawaii.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—That Japan will continue to oppose the Hawaiian annexation treaty is conclusively shown by the latest protest of the Japanese government under date of July 19, which has been made public. Japan's reply contains this statement:

"Taking note of what you say in reply to the representation I had the honor to make on behalf of my government with reference to the necessity of maintaining the status quo of Hawaii, the imperial government has no hesitation in admitting the predominant influence of the United States in the Hawaiian Islands.

"In their opinion, however, the very fact that such predominance has existed so long unquestioned might be urged as a reason against the disturbance of the status quo, more especially as practically the whole population of Hawaii acknowledge the paramount importance of the relations of their country with the United States, while it is understood that only a small fraction of their number favor annexation."

The note says that European countries had seized about all there was worth seizing in the Pacific up to 1892, when they ceased. Now if the United States seizes Hawaii this may start them anew, which would be an injury to the Japanese people, who are extending their trade and taking up residence on these islands.

Another reason given is the old assertion that the treaty between Hawaii and Japan would become void in case of annexation.

The Treaty Does Not Affect Hawaii.

LONDON, July 27.—In the house of commons the under secretary for foreign affairs, the Hon. George N. Curzon, replying to Mr. James Francis Hogan, who asked if the Clayton-Bulwer treaty was considered of binding force by Great Britain and the United States as bearing upon the annexation of the Sandwich Islands by the latter, said the treaty did not.

TRIP OF THE PRESIDENT.

He Will Leave Tomorrow — Before Returning May Tour on Hanna's Yacht.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Arrangements have been completed for the trip of the president and his party from Washington to Lake Champlain. The palace car Hazelmere has been assigned for the use of the party. It will leave Washington over the Pennsylvania railroad at noon tomorrow and arrive at Jersey City about 5 p. m. There the car will be transferred to the West Shore line, and again at Albany to the Delaware and Hudson railroad, over which road will arrive at the destination, Bluff Point, about 6:30 o'clock Thursday morning. The president and Mrs. McKinley will be accompanied by secretary and Mrs. Alger and secretary and Mrs. Porter. It is the president's intention to remain at Lake Champlain until Aug. 23, when he will go to the G. A. R. encampment at Buffalo.

From Buffalo he will go to Ohio, where he has promised to attend the reunion of his old regiment, and also to be present at the wedding of the daughter of the late President Hayes, Sept. 22. Unless there should be an urgent demand for his presence in Washington the president will return to Buffalo and there go aboard Senator Hanna's yacht for a few days' cruise on the lakes. During the president's absence from Washington all executive business will be done here.

Garmentworkers on a Strike.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Two thousand three hundred garmentworkers have gone on a strike.

IMPORTERS PROTEST.

Goods Hustled In Saturday Must Pay Duties.

LAW IN EFFECT MIDNIGHT JULY 23.

This Decision Will Result In Losses to the Importers Amounting to Many Thousands of Dollars—Mistakes Reported in the Tariff Act.

NEW YORK, July 27.—When Collector of Customs Bidwell made formal announcement that duties at Dingley law rates would be collected on goods entered on Saturday many protests were at once filed by importers of goods entering on that day.

These goods arrived by the Normania from Hamburg, the Paris from Southampton and the Umbria from Liverpool. The duties under the new tariff on the goods on these three vessels amounted to about \$900,000. Under the Wilson tariff the duties would have amounted to about \$600,000. Accordingly the loss to importers appeared to be about \$300,000.

La Touraine, from Havre, with many pictures and other works of art, arrived on Saturday, but the captain reached the custom house too late to make entry for his vessel.

The protests will first be acted upon by the board of general appraisers and then appeals may be taken by either the importers or the government to the United States circuit court then to the United States circuit of appeals and finally to the United States supreme court.

MISTAKES IN TARIFF LAW.

The Treasury Officials Have Already Found Inconsistencies.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The treasury officials already have discovered a number of inconsistencies in the new tariff act, some of them it is feared being incapable of reconciliation. It is pointed out that section 262 places the duty on plums at 25 cents per bushel and section 264 fixes the rate at 2 cents per pound. An error in these paragraphs as to currants was corrected in conference. Another section fixes the rate of duty on hides of cattle at 15 cents a pound and admits raw skins free.

The question involved is the classification of calf skins, it being contended that commercially calf skins are not classed as hides of cattle and hence are entitled to free entry, which is believed to be contrary to the purpose of congress. Attention is also called to the fact that the provision as to licenses for customs brokers was, by inadvertence it is believed, left out of the act. Circulars are in preparation constraining a number of the sections of the act. Persons entering this country are permitted under certain restrictions to bring with them duty free "usual and reasonable furniture." This is interpreted to mean such furniture as would be reasonable and useful for the personal use of persons in their condition in life.

CIRCULAR TO COLLECTORS.

Ordered Issued For the Collection of Tariff Duties.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The following circular has been issued from the treasury department:

To Collectors and other officers of the Customs:

The president having approved the tariff act recently passed by congress, the tariff act of August 23, 1894, so far as it has been superseded by the new act, became void and of no effect at midnight on July 23, 1897, (see synopsis 15,371 and 18,148). All merchandise entered at the custom houses on and after July 24, under the rates of the act last mentioned will be subject to liquidation under the provisions of the new act.

All existing regulations relating to the importation of merchandise and the proceedings pertaining thereto will continue in full force and effect unless duly modified or revoked.

W. B. HOWELL, Assistant Secretary.

SPAIN'S QUEEN FRIENDLY.

She Grants an Unusual Privilege to Woodford and Taylor.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The state department has been informed that a very gracious exception has been made by the queen regent of Spain in consenting to receive Mr. Taylor, the retiring United States minister, and Mr. Woodford, the new minister, at San Sebastian, where she does not maintain a court in the usual sense of the term. The ceremony necessary will be informal.

This arrangement to meet Mr. Taylor's convenience was brought about through the courteous and considerate offices of the Duke of Tetuan. It is without precedent.

Mrs. Maybrick Must Stay In Prison.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The British government has again declined to interfere in the execution of the sentence of Mrs. Florence Maybrick on the ground that there is no reason for a change of judgment in the matter. The last effort to secure at least an amelioration in the conditions of her confinement was made by Ambassador Hay.

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YOUNGSTOWN, O., July 27.—Stephen Kukura, the Hungarian banker of Mt. Pleasant, Pa., who is in jail here on a charge of being a fugitive from justice, preferred by Detective G. B. Perkins of Pittsburgh, has brought suit against the detective for \$5,000 damages for alleged false arrest. The detective arrived this afternoon and notified the prosecutor that he had had enough nonsense about the matter, and he wanted Kukura, without delay, to take him back to Mt. Pleasant.

Nine People Were Injured.

MARIETTA, O., July 27.—The cause of the trestle on the Zanesville and Ohio River railway giving way was rotten timbers. The injured were: Mrs. Clause, arm broken; William Ketter, four ribs broken; Nellie Purdy, leg broken; John Trautman, spine injured, may die; E. Ryan, Parkersburg, shoulder injured; Lucy Rausch, Pittsburgh, injured internally; Fred Wehrs, shoulder broken; Ida Berger, hurt internally; M. G. Seipel, cut all over.

Y. M. C. A. Camping Association.

WARREN, O., July 27.—The Young Men's Christian association, including the members in eight cities, decided to organize the Western Reserve Camping association, so successful was the outing at Sandy Lake, just ended. The committee on organization is W. F. McCaughey of Warren, O. A. Tabor of Salem and W. C. Kinnecut of Cleveland.

A Street Car Collision.

COLUMBUS, July 27.—By the slipping off of a brake chain a rear-end collision occurred of two street cars of the High street line. Several passengers were badly bruised. Mrs. Jennie Burke, 32 years old, had her right leg broken and was injured also in the back. Mrs. Cora Wickliff, aged 25, had her right ankle sprained.

Ordained in Rome.

LAPORT, Ind., July 27.—Herman Bechtin, a nephew of the Rev. John J. Leckmann, of Michigan City, and a native Ohioan, has been ordained to the priesthood in Rome by the cardinal vicar of Pope Leo XIII., Archbishop of Cassella, and Patriarch of Antioch.

Suicided Before His Wife.

BOWLING GREEN, O., July 24.—John Spieth took a dose of strychnine here in the presence of his wife, and died two hours later. He was about 35 years old, and leaves his wife and one child. Spieth and his wife had separated, and it is supposed that his domestic trouble caused his suicide.

About \$500 Also Missing.

DAYTON, O., July 27.—No tidings have been received of W. H. Maxfield, the missing way bill clerk of the Adams Express company. The receipts of the

last run received by him before his departure are missing. The amount is placed at between \$400 and \$500.

ARMED DEPUTIES NOT NEEDED.

Strikers Merely Issue a Call For a Meeting of DeArmit Miners.

PITTSBURG, July 27.—The striking miners failed to march on DeArmit's mines, so that the 85 deputies on guard, under Sheriff Lowry, were unnecessary. District President Patrick Dolan says all the miners intend to do is hold a meeting, for which the call says:

"There will be a massmeeting of all the miners and mine workers employed by the New York and Cleveland Gas & Coal company on Thursday morning, July 29, at 10 o'clock, at McCrea's lighthouse, on the Northern pike, to discuss the relation of the New York and Cleveland company employees to the present situation in the coal industry. Able speakers will be present, including President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, Eugene V. Debs, the eloquent executive head of Co-operative Commonwealth, President M. M. Garland of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers, President L. R. Thomas of the Pattern Makers' National league, President M. P. Carrick of the National Brotherhood of Painters and Decorators, M. J. Counahan, national secretary of the Plumbers' union, and W. D. Mahon, president of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employees. You are earnestly requested to attend. Take a holiday, one and all, and come to hear the greatest question of the labor movement discussed by the most able and eloquent exponents of labor's cause."

JAPAN UNYIELDING.

Another Protest Filed Against the Annexation of Hawaii.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—That Japan will continue to oppose the Hawaiian annexation treaty is conclusively shown by the latest protest of the Japanese government under date of July 10, which has been made public.

Japan's reply contains this statement:

"Taking note of what you say in reply to the representation I had the honor to make on behalf of my government with reference to the necessity of maintaining the status quo of Hawaii, the imperial government has no hesitation in admitting the predominant influence of the United States in the Hawaiian Islands.

"In their opinion, however, the very fact that such predominance has existed so long unquestioned might be urged as a reason against the disturbance of the status quo, more especially as practically the whole population of Hawaii acknowledge the paramount importance of the relations of their country with the United States, while it is understood that only a small fraction of their number favor annexation."

The note says that European countries had seized about all there was worth seizing in the Pacific up to 1892, when they ceased. Now if the United States seizes Hawaii this may start them anew, which would be an injury to the Japanese people, who are extending their trade and taking up residence on these islands.

Another reason given is the old assertion that the treaty between Hawaii and Japan would become void in case of annexation.

The Treaty Does Not Affect Hawaii.

LONDON, July 27.—In the house of commons the under secretary for foreign affairs, the Hon. George N. Curzon, replying to Mr. James Francis Hogan, who asked if the Clayton-Bulwer treaty was considered of binding force by Great Britain and the United States as bearing upon the annexation of the Sandwich Islands by the latter, said the treaty did not.

TRIP OF THE PRESIDENT.

He Will Leave Tomorrow—Before Returning May Tour on Hanna's Yacht.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—Arrangements have been completed for the trip of the president and his party from Washington to Lake Champlain. The palace car Hazelmere has been assigned for the use of the party. It will leave Washington over the Pennsylvania railroad at noon tomorrow and arrive at Jersey City about 5 p. m. There the car will be transferred to the West Shore line, and again at Albany to the Delaware and Hudson railroad, over which road will arrive at the destination, Bluff Point, about 6:30 o'clock Thursday morning. The president and Mrs. McKinley will be accompanied by secretary and Mrs. Alger and secretary and Mrs. Porter. It is the president's intention to remain at Lake Champlain until Aug. 23, when he will go to the G. A. R. encampment at Buffalo.

From Buffalo he will go to Ohio, where he has promised to attend the reunion of his old regiment, and also to be present at the wedding of the daughter of the late President Hayes, Sept. 23. Unless there should be an urgent demand for his presence in Washington the president will return to Buffalo and there go aboard Senator Hanna's yacht for a few days' cruise on the lakes. During the president's absence from Washington all executive business will be done here.

Garmentworkers on a Strike.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Two thousand three hundred garmentworkers have gone on a strike.

IMPORTERS PROTEST.

Goods Hustled In Saturday Must Pay Duties.

LAW IN EFFECT MIDNIGHT JULY 23.

This Decision Will Result In Losses to the Importers Amounting to Many Thousands of Dollars—Mistakes Reported In the Tariff Act.

NEW YORK, July 27.—When Collector of Customs Bidwell made formal announcement that duties at Dingley law rates would be collected on goods entered on Saturday many protests were at once filed by importers of goods entering on that day.

These goods arrived by the Normania from Hamburg, the Paris from Southampton and the Umbria from Liverpool. The duties under the new tariff on the goods on these three vessels amounted to about \$900,000. Under the Wilson tariff the duties would have amounted to about \$900,000. Accordingly the loss to importers appeared to be about \$300,000.

La Touraine, from Havre, with many pictures and other works of art, arrived on Saturday, but the captain reached the custom house too late to make entry for his vessel.

The protests will first be acted upon by the board of general appraisers and then appeals may be taken by either the importers or the government to the United States circuit court then to the United States circuit of appeals and finally to the United States supreme court.

MISTAKES IN TARIFF LAW.

The Treasury Officials Have Already Found Inconsistencies.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The treasury officials already have discovered a number of inconsistencies in the new tariff act, some of them it is feared being incapable of reconciliation. It is pointed out that section 262 places the duty on plums at 25 cents per bushel and section 264 fixes the rate at 2 cents per pound. An error in these paragraphs as to currants was corrected in conference. Another section fixes the rate of duty on hides of cattle at 15 cents a pound and admits raw skins free.

The question involved is the classification of calf skins, it being contended that commercially calf skins are not classed as hides of cattle and hence are entitled to free entry, which is believed to be contrary to the purpose of congress. Attention is also called to the fact that the provision as to licenses for customs brokers was, by inadvertence it is believed, left out of the act. Circulars are in preparation construing a number of the sections of the act. Persons entering this country are permitted under certain restrictions to bring with them duty free "usual and reasonable furniture." This is interpreted to mean such furniture as would be reasonable and useful for the personal use of persons in their condition in life.

CIRCULAR TO COLLECTORS.

Ordered Issued For the Collection of Tariff Duties.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The following circular has been issued from the treasury department:

To Collectors and other officers of the Customs:

The president having approved the tariff act recently passed by congress, the tariff act of August 23, 1894, so far as it has been superseded by the new act, became void and of no effect at midnight on July 23, 1897, (see synopsis 15,371 and 15,148). All merchandise entered at the custom houses on and after July 24, under the rates of the act last mentioned will be subject to liquidation under the provisions of the new act.

All existing regulations relating to the importation of merchandise and the proceedings pertaining thereto will continue in full force and effect unless duly modified or revoked.

W. B. HOWELL, Assistant Secretary.

SPAIN'S QUEEN FRIENDLY.

She Grants an Unusual Privilege to Woodford and Taylor.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The state department has been informed that a very gracious exception has been made by the queen regent of Spain in consenting to receive Mr. Taylor, the retiring United States minister, and Mr. Woodford, the new minister, at San Sebastian, where she does not maintain a court in the usual sense of the term. The ceremony necessary will be informal.

This arrangement to meet Mr. Taylor's convenience was brought about through the courteous and considerate offices of the Duke of Tetuan. It is without precedent.

Mrs. Maybrick Must Stay In Prison.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The British government has again declined to interfere in the execution of the sentence of Mrs. Florence Maybrick on the ground that there is no reason for a change of judgment in the matter. The last effort to secure at least an amelioration in the conditions of her confinement was made by Ambassador Hay.

ALL WILL BE READY

When the Presbyterian Ministers Attend

THE ANNUAL SESSIONS OF SYNOD

The State Sunday School Convention Will First Transact Its Business, and the End of the Week Will Be Marked by a Missionary Conference.

The good people of the Presbyterian faith in this city will, the second week of October, entertain the highest body of their church in Ohio. The arrangements are now being made, and within a month all preparations will have been completed, the people, with their proverbial hospitality, being glad to render what assistance they can.

The synod will convene Oct. 12, in the First Presbyterian church, where all the sessions will be held. It is one of the most important meetings of the great Presbyterian church, since Ohio stands next to New York and Pennsylvania in the number of its Presbyterians, and the synod of Ohio is as important as the similar body of either. It would be hard to show that the meeting will not be almost as important as that of the general assembly.

The synod is constituted by the election of a certain number of commissioners from each of the 17 presbyteries of the state, and from 200 to 225 commissioners and visitors will be in the city.

During the sitting of the synod public meetings of deep interest will be held, and several of the best speakers of the church from New York and Philadelphia will be present to take part. Important questions relating to the work of the church in this state will be considered, while a review of the affairs of the Wooster university will also be given attention. Missions, foreign and home, usually make up a matter of importance, and they will doubtless be given much attention this year.

Prior to the meeting of synod comes the sessions of the Sabbath school convention. The first will be held on the evening of Oct. 10. The convention will be addressed by a number of prominent men, some of whom will come from beyond the confines of the state. Among them will be Rev. Dr. Scovel, president of Wooster university; President Thompson, of Miami university, and Prof. Robert J. Rayman, the new superintendent of the public schools. Mr. Rayman is an enthusiastic Sunday school worker. The convention always attracts a great deal of attention, and the sessions are made very interesting.

After synod has adjourned we will have the missionary conference, provided one is held, and that just now seems probable. It will be conducted by the executive committee of the women's societies of the state, and will likely be one of the best parts of the week for the ladies. It, too, will be addressed by people of prominence in the work, and if the arrangements are made will cause a number to remain in the city after synod has completed its business.

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There is no room to doubt that East Liverpool will do its best to entertain the distinguished gentlemen who make up the synod.

ON THE TEAM.

Captain Palmer Will Shoot For His Regiment.

Captain Palmer has been selected to represent the Tenth Pennsylvania infantry at the state shoot to be held at Gretna next month. He has been ordered to Conneville, Pa., the middle of August, where he will shoot with the crack shots of the regiment. The state contest at Gretna is always a matter of deep interest for guardsmen, and the result will be closely watched.

Number of Cars Handled.

Monday, as a rule, is a slow day at the freight station and as a result only 11 cars were sent out yesterday. The bulk of the shipments were sent west and about a carload of freight was sent to Los Angeles. Eight cars were unloaded and 92 handled in the yards.

ERRORS IN LIVING.

Man's Excessive Appetite and the Body's Capacity For Food.

To the lay mind nothing seems to augur so strongly in favor of robust health as a hearty appetite. Furthermore, there would seem to be a strong conviction in the public mind, sanctified by tradition from time almost immemorial, that the more a man eats the better he is. The quantity of food that many people naturally eat is very large as compared with their actual physiological requirements. Add to this the many tempting forms in which food is presented to the palate by our modern culinary arts, the sharpening of the appetite by the antepandrial cocktail, the stimulus afforded the appetite by a bottle of good wine, and the result is often the consumption of an amount of food that simply overwhelms the assimilative organs. Such indulgence, if unrestricted and habitual, taxes both the assimilative and the excretory organs to their highest capacity, especially when coupled with sedentary life, and, moreover, it lends an additional impetus to the evils springing from the use of improper quality of food.

The human elaborating and excretory mechanism was evidently adjusted for ordinary wear and tear to an average limited period of about 70 years. Under 40 per cent of extra work we must naturally expect impairment or breakdown of the mechanism much earlier. It should therefore excite no special surprise that so large a proportion of our well to do people die from Bright's disease, heart failure and allied diseases at 50 or 55 who should, and under properly regulated lives and habits would, have attained the natural age of 70 or over. Paradoxical though it may seem, such people usually spring from exceptionally healthy stock and often point with pride to the fact that their immediate ancestors lived to advanced ages of 80 years or more. This paradox, however, is more apparent than real, for investigation will usually reveal the fact that for the most part the parents in such cases were people of more simple habits, such as corresponded with New England life 75 or 100 years ago.

The truth is that the well to do man of today lives in a faster age than that of his father and grandfather. He meets with greater opportunities and possibilities and therefore greater stimulus to all his energies. He more easily acquires pecuniary resources, and in larger amounts, and therefore he possesses greater luxuries of domestic life. With these come greater temptations to excess. While he has often inherited a splendid constitution from his ancestors, unlike them he has run his physical mechanism at a breakdown rate and it must of necessity more quickly wear out.—Charles W. Purdy, M. D., in North American Review.

ANGER AND EGGS.

A Boston Man Says the Combination May Result In Death.

"Never eat eggs while you are angry," said A. E. Stewart of Boston. "My attention was first called to this strange fact by the tragic and sudden death of a lady acquaintance in Boston several years ago. I accepted her husband's invitation to dine with them. Just as we were going in to dinner a servant did something that caused the lady to fly into a terrible rage. She had been irritated from some minor complaint for several days, and her husband calmed her ruffled feelings sufficiently for the dinner to be eaten in good temper. I noticed that she ate an unusually large amount of soft scrambled eggs. Fifteen minutes after we left the dining room she was a corpse. She died in frightful convulsions before the nearest doctor reached the house. The doctor was unable to ascribe the cause. A few months later I was visiting a brother in Connecticut, and one of his sons died under similar circumstances. Before breakfast one morning the boy, who was about 15 years old, had a fight with a neighbor's boy. Before his anger had subsided my nephew was called to breakfast. He ate four soft boiled eggs. Had I known as much then as I do now I would have prevented it. In less than a half hour after breakfast the boy died with exactly the same symptoms that were present when my friend's wife died. This set me to thinking about the matter.

"It wasn't long after this before a Beacon hill friend of mine expired suddenly after a meal. The doctors, as usual, were divided in opinion on the cause of death. Some of them contended that it was heart failure, whatever that is, and others are still holding out that it was apoplexy. Inquiry by me developed the fact that my friend was very angry when he sat down at table and that he ate five eggs. With these developments I searched no further for the cause of his death. He was angry, he ate eggs, and he died. If these are not links in the chain of cause and effect, the human intellect is incapable of logical thinking."—St. Louis Republic.

Worst and Worser.

Lately one of the Aston constables, who is an Irishman, while in the witness box perpetrated a bull which fairly set the court in a roar. Describing the conduct of a man who had been creating a disturbance, he said:

"I saw the defendant. He made the worst row in the world, and then he went up the street and made a worser."

THE BLUFF FAILED.

BUT IT BROUGHT ABOUT THE DESIRED RESULT AT LAST.

The College Society Chapter That Was In Bad Repute—A Medal That Contained an Inscription—Poker and Bottled Refreshments.

"It frequently happens," said a college graduate, "that different chapters of the same Greek letter fraternity, situated at different colleges, develop different characteristics. All of these societies, I think, are organized to encourage literary pursuits. I mean that's what the constitutions say. As a matter of fact, the literary element is rather lost sight of in most cases in the stress of having a jolly good time. When convention time comes round, however, the chapters that have maintained their literary quality come to the fore, and the others have to put up a bluff by sending as delegates men who have high standing as scholars or else take a very back seat.

"The chapter to which I belonged was located at a country college, and in some way or other it had acquired a reputation in the fraternity of being essentially nonliterary, and, in fact, rather sporty in character. This was so much the case that in my junior year there was a movement on foot to expel or suspend our chapter from the fraternity. We weren't very strong in high stand men and couldn't even scare up two to go as delegates to the convention. Another man and myself were finally selected for this function as the most unsophisticated looking members of the chapter.

"As usual in such cases, a special train was made up to start from the westernmost chapter and to pick up as many of the other delegations as could be arranged on its way to the convention city. We were among the more remote chapters, and when we boarded the train there was only one other delegation on board, composed of three members. We sighed when we saw big boxes of bottled beer in the freight car and reflected on the elaborate instructions we had received from our constituents. We were primed for the occasion. My companion, Forbes, had a classical volume in each side pocket of his coat and there were ink stains on his fingers. I had borrowed from a classmate a medal given for scholarship, and this I had rather ostentatiously hung on my watch chain.

"We soon made the acquaintance of the other three delegates and joined them in their stateroom. Before long they proposed a game of poker, and one of them produced a pack of cards. Forbes said he didn't play, retired to a corner, pulled out a copy of Gladstone's 'Landmarks of Homeric Study' and after gazing thoughtfully out of the window for a moment or two apparently became absorbed in it. I admired his conception of the part, but I couldn't bring myself to break up the game, and that's what it meant, for everybody knows there's no fun in three handed poker. Besides, there were only three delegates on the train to witness my fall. I said I didn't play, but had seen the game and thought it looked interesting. I was willing to learn.

"When we got started, there was a demand for a buck, and I unhitched the scholarship medal and dropped it into the pot as a good means of calling attention to it. Everything went on swimmingly for awhile. I had outrageous luck and won pot after pot, so they were confirmed in the idea that I was a beginner. After awhile one of the other delegates got away with a jack pot, and while he was waiting for the cards to be dealt he picked up the medal and glanced carelessly at the obverse side. I hadn't examined it particularly, but I found out afterward that it bore this neat inscription: 'Garrett J. Gardner, Westmouth University, Class of '87.'

"The delegate started and looked at me with a glance that was first mystified and then suspicious.

"I beg your pardon, Brother Gardner," he said, with a touch of sarcasm. 'I thought you said your name was Hawkins, and we've all been calling you that right along.'

"There was a smothered guffaw from behind the 'Landmarks of Homeric Study,' and I saw the jig was up. We made a clean breast of it, and Forbes sat into the game, making it five handed, which, of course, is the ideal game. We didn't lose any time sending forward for a consignment of that bottled beer, and the floor was strewn with dead Indians when the train filled up with other delegates, and they crowded around to watch the game.

"Our elaborate bluff hadn't worked, and the convention opened with our chapter in just as bad odor as before, but we had made staunch supporters of the three delegates and some other kindly spirits who had joined us on the train. They all went to work like beavers, and when our case was taken up in the convention we had a good working majority which sustained our charter with a whoop."—New York Sun.

Cyrus Cobb of Boston has just finished his second plaster bust of Phillips Brooks. When he exhibited his first bust of the bishop, he had a report made to him of all the criticisms passed on it, and in his second work he was guided by these criticisms.



The Roman mother who with her mantle defended the body of her child from the ravenous birds of prey is a perfect type of motherhood in all times and among all people. To protect her offspring from harm is the overwhelming instinct of motherhood.

Modern mothers are coming to understand that the best protection they can give their children against the preying accidents of life is to transmit to them an abundance of natural health and hardihood. But a mother cannot confer health and strength upon her offspring unless she has it in some measure herself.

Prospective mothers should know that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a scientific medicine, which gives perfect health and strength to the special organs concerned in motherhood.

Taken early during the expectant time, it makes the coming of baby entirely safe and nearly painless. It insures cheerfulness and recuperative energy to the mother and constitutional vigor to the child.

It is the only perfect and positive specific for all weaknesses and diseases of the feminine organism.

Mrs. F. E. Forgey, of Cairns, Keyapaha Co., Neb., writes: "I write to you again concerning my daughter, Mrs. D. Billings. She has taken two bottles of 'Favorite Prescription.' She thinks the medicine did her a world of good. She was confined the 15th of February. Was sick but a short time and has a 10 pound daughter. Got along nicely afterward. Looks good, complexion looks clear, and she says she never felt so well."

WHO SAYS SO?

Everybody Who has Used Them and Some of Them are East Liverpool People.

Who told you so?

Neighbor So-and-so.

Oh, well! That's all right.

Testimony differs, doesn't it?

The more some people say

The less faith we have.

But the right man's word

Is taken at once.

That's the difference.

People want East Liverpool reference,

Particularly in matters of health.

We tell you Doan's Kidney Pills cure,

But we are the makers of them.

"Who says so?" counts here, doesn't it!

East Liverpool people say so,

And we give you their addresses.

Perhaps you may know them.

Active lives bring on kidney troubles.

An example of this is:

Mr. G. H. Garner, of 168 Jackson st., the well-known manufacturer of ice cream, says: "I think my trouble started from a cold. It set in with a soreness and stiffness over my whole body; my appetite was poor, and I was troubled a good deal with a bloating at the stomach. There was also a urinary difficulty, and I felt in fact generally used up and as though I was breaking down. I tried two or three different remedies, but they did not do me the least good. I seem if anything to be getting worse. Having heard Doan's Kidney Pills so highly spoken of I made up my mind I would try them and procured a box at the W. and W. Pharmacy. I had not taken over half the box before I was entirely free from all my trouble, my appetite good and my old time vigor restored. I have recommended them to many of my friends, among them Mr. P. J. Green, V. S., and they all speak of them in the highest terms. I can honestly endorse Doan's Kidney Pills in every particular, knowing them to be A No. 1 and well worth a trial by anyone."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers, price 50 cents, or sent by mail by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Health is Wealth.



DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT

THE ORIGINAL, ALL OTHERS IMITATIONS, Is sold under positive Written Guarantee, by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory, Dizziness, Wakefulness, Fits, Hysteria, Quickness, Night Losses, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all Drains, Youthful Errors, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium, or Liquor, which leads to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. At store or by mail, \$1 a box; six for \$5; with written guarantee to cure or refund money. Sample package, containing five days' treatment, with full instructions, 25 cents. One sample only sold to each person. At store or by mail.

Red Label Special Extra Strength. For Impotency, Loss of Power, Lost Manhood, Sterility or Barrenness. \$1 a box; six for \$5, with written guarantee to cure in 30 days. At store or by mail. For sale by Will Reed, East Liverpool, O.

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Book Work.

No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

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Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

Our Presses.

The "Century" Pony for high grade book and half tone work (finest machine manufactured). Improved Gordons for commercial work, and a large Babcock for poster printing; presided over by a pressman late in charge of the finest presses in one of the largest printing houses in the world.

In a Nut Shell

High Wages, Fine Equipment, Artistic Workmen Tells the Story.

HE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

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When the Presbyterian Ministers Attend

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Captain Palmer has been selected to represent the Tenth Pennsylvania infantry at the state shoot to be held at Gretna next month. He has been ordered to Connellsville, Pa., the middle of August, where he will shoot with the crack shots of the regiment. The state contest at Gretna is always a matter of deep interest for guardsmen, and the result will be closely watched.

Number of Cars Handled.

Monday, as a rule, is a slow day at the freight station and as a result only 11 cars were sent out yesterday. The bulk of the shipments were sent west and about a carload of freight was sent to Los Angeles. Eight cars were unloaded and 92 handled in the yards.

ERRORS IN LIVING.

Man's Excessive Appetite and the Body's Capacity For Food.

To the lay mind nothing seems to argue so strongly in favor of robust health as a hearty appetite. Furthermore, there would seem to be a strong conviction in the public mind, sanctified by tradition from time almost immemorial, that the more a man eats the better he is. The quantity of food that many people naturally eat is very large as compared with their actual physiological requirements. Add to this the many tempting forms in which food is presented to the palate by our modern culinary arts, the sharpening of the appetite by the antepandial cocktail, the stimulus afforded the appetite by a bottle of good wine, and the result is often the consumption of an amount of food that simply overwhelms the assimilative organs. Such indulgence, if unrestricted and habitual, taxes both the assimilative and the excretory organs to their highest capacity, especially when coupled with sedentary life, and, moreover, it lends an additional impetus to the evils springing from the use of improper quality of food.

The human elaborating and excretory mechanism was evidently adjusted for ordinary wear and tear to an average limited period of about 70 years. Under 40 per cent of extra work we must naturally expect impairment or breakdown of the mechanism much earlier. It should therefore excite no special surprise that so large a proportion of our well-to-do people die from Bright's disease, heart failure and allied diseases at 50 or 55 who should, and under properly regulated lives and habits would, have attained the natural age of 70 or over. Paradoxical though it may seem, such people usually spring from exceptionally healthy stock and often point with pride to the fact that their immediate ancestors lived to advanced ages of 80 years or more. This paradox, however, is more apparent than real, for investigation will usually reveal the fact that for the most part the parents in such cases were people of more simple habits, such as corresponded with New England life 75 or 100 years ago.

The truth is that the well-to-do man of today lives in a faster age than that of his father and grandfather. He meets with greater opportunities and possibilities and therefore greater stimulus to all his energies. He more easily acquires pecuniary resources, and in larger amounts, and therefore he possesses greater luxuries of domestic life. With these come greater temptations to excess. While he has often inherited a splendid constitution from his ancestors, unlike them he has run his physical mechanism at a breakdown rate and it must of necessity more quickly wear out.—Charles W. Purdy, M. D., in North American Review.

ANGER AND EGGS.

A Boston Man Says the Combination May Result In Death.

"Never eat eggs while you are angry," said A. E. Stewart of Boston. "My attention was first called to this strange fact by the tragic and sudden death of a lady acquaintance in Boston several years ago. I accepted her husband's invitation to dine with them. Just as we were going in to dinner a servant did something that caused the lady to fly into a terrible rage. She had been irritated from some minor complaint for several days, and her husband calmed her ruffled feelings sufficiently for the dinner to be eaten in good temper. I noticed that she ate an unusually large amount of soft scrambled eggs. Fifteen minutes after we left the dining room she was a corpse. She died in frightful convulsions before the nearest doctor reached the house. The doctor was unable to ascribe the cause. A few months later I was visiting a brother in Connecticut, and one of his sons died under similar circumstances. Before breakfast one morning the boy, who was about 15 years old, had a fight with a neighbor's boy. Before his anger had subsided my nephew was called to breakfast. He ate four soft boiled eggs. Had I known as much then as I do now I would have prevented it. In less than a half hour after breakfast the boy died with exactly the same symptoms that were present when my friend's wife died. This set me to thinking about the matter.

"It wasn't long after this before a Beacon hill friend of mine expired suddenly after a meal. The doctors, as usual, were divided in opinion on the cause of death. Some of them contended that it was heart failure, whatever that is, and others are still holding out that it was apoplexy. Inquiry by me developed the fact that my friend was very angry when he sat down at table and that he ate five eggs. With these developments I searched no further for the cause of his death. He was angry, he ate eggs, and he died. If these are not links in the chain of cause and effect, the human intellect is incapable of logical thinking."—St. Louis Republic.

Worst and Worser.

Lately one of the Aston constables, who is an Irishman, while in the witness box perpetrated a bull which fairly set the court in a roar. Describing the conduct of a man who had been creating a disturbance, he said:

"I saw the defendant. He made the worst row in the world, and then he went up the street and made a worser."

THE BLUFF FAILED.

BUT IT BROUGHT ABOUT THE DESIRED RESULT AT LAST.

The College Society Chapter That Was In Bad Repute — A Medal That Contained an Inscription — Poker and Bottled Refreshments.

"It frequently happens," said a college graduate, "that different chapters of the same Greek letter fraternity, situated at different colleges, develop different characteristics. All of these societies, I think, are organized to encourage literary pursuits. I mean that's what the constitutions say. As a matter of fact, the literary element is rather lost sight of in most cases in the stress of having a jolly good time. When convention time comes round, however, the chapters that have maintained their literary quality come to the fore, and the others have to put up a bluff by sending as delegates men who have high standing as scholars or else take a very back seat.

"The chapter to which I belonged was located at a country college, and in some way or other it had acquired a reputation in the fraternity of being essentially nonliterary, and, in fact, rather sporty in character. This was so much the case that in my junior year there was a movement on foot to expel or suspend our chapter from the fraternity. We weren't very strong in high stand men and couldn't even scare up two to go as delegates to the convention. Another man and myself were finally selected for this function as the most unsophisticated looking members of the chapter.

"As usual in such cases, a special train was made up to start from the westernmost chapter and to pick up as many of the other delegations as could be arranged on its way to the convention city. We were among the more remote chapters, and when we boarded the train there was only one other delegation on board, composed of three members. We sighed when we saw big boxes of bottled beer in the freight car and reflected on the elaborate instructions we had received from our constituents. We were primed for the occasion. My companion, Forbes, had a classical volume in each side pocket of his coat and there were ink stains on his fingers. I had borrowed from a classmate a medal given for scholarship, and this I had rather ostentatiously hung on my watch chain.

"We soon made the acquaintance of the other three delegates and joined them in their stateroom. Before long they proposed a game of poker, and one of them produced a pack of cards. Forbes said he didn't play, retired to a corner, pulled out a copy of Gladstone's 'Landmarks of Homeric Study' and after gazing thoughtfully out of the window for a moment or two apparently became absorbed in it. I admired his conception of the part, but I couldn't bring myself to break up the game, and that's what it meant, for everybody knows there's no fun in three handed poker. Besides, there were only three delegates on the train to witness my fall. I said I didn't play, but had seen the game and thought it looked interesting. I was willing to learn.

"When we got started, there was a demand for a buck, and I unhitched the scholarship medal and dropped it into the pot as a good means of calling attention to it. Everything went on swimmingly for awhile. I had outrageous luck and won pot after pot, so they were confirmed in the idea that I was a beginner. After awhile one of the other delegates got away with a jack pot, and while he was waiting for the cards to be dealt he picked up the medal and glanced carelessly at the obverse side. I hadn't examined it particularly, but I found out afterward that it bore this neat inscription: 'Garrett J. Gardner, Weymouth University, Class of '87.'

"The delegate started and looked at me with a glance that was first mystified and then suspicious.

"I beg your pardon, Brother Gardner," he said, with a touch of sarcasm. "I thought you said your name was Hawkins, and we've all been calling you that right along."

"There was a smothered guffaw from behind the 'Landmarks of Homeric Study,' and I saw the jig was up. We made a clean breast of it, and Forbes sat into the game, making it five handed, which, of course, is the ideal game. We didn't lose any time sending forward for a consignment of that bottled beer, and the floor was strewn with dead Indians when the train filled up with other delegates, and they crowded around to watch the game.

"Our elaborate bluff hadn't worked, and the convention opened with our chapter in just as bad odor as before, but we had made staunch supporters of the three delegates and some other kindly spirits who had joined us on the train. They all went to work like beavers, and when our case was taken up in the convention we had a good working majority which sustained our chapter with a whoop."—New York Sun.

Cyrus Cobb of Boston has just finished his second plaster bust of Phillips Brooks. When he exhibited his first bust of the bishop, he had a report made to him of all the criticisms passed on it, and in his second work he was guided by these criticisms.



The Roman mother who with her mantle defended the body of her child from the ravenous birds of prey is a perfect type of motherhood in all times and among all people. To protect her offspring from harm is the overwhelming instinct of motherhood.

Modern mothers are coming to understand that the best protection they can give their children against the preying accidents of life is to transmit to them an abundance of natural health and hardihood. But a mother cannot confer health and strength upon her offspring unless she has it in some measure herself.

Prospective mothers should know that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a scientific medicine, which gives perfect health and strength to the special organs concerned in motherhood.

Taken early during the expectant time, it makes the coming of baby entirely safe and nearly painless. It insures cheerfulness and recuperative energy to the mother and constitutional vigor to the child.

It is the only perfect and positive specific for all weaknesses and diseases of the feminine organism.

Mrs. F. E. Forney, of Carns, Keyapaha Co., Neb., writes: "I write to you again concerning my daughter, Mrs. D. Billings. She has taken two bottles of 'Favorite Prescription.' She thanks the medicine did her a world of good. She was confined the 15th of February. Was sick but a short time and has a 10 pound daughter. Got along nicely afterward. Looks good, complexion clear, and she says she never felt so well."

WHO SAYS SO?

Everybody Who has Used Them and Some of Them are East Liverpool People.

Who told you so? Neighbor So-and-so. Oh, well! That's all right. Testimony differs, doesn't it? The more some people say The less faith we have. But the right man's word Is taken at once. That's the difference. People want East Liverpool reference, Particularly in matters of health. We tell you Doan's Kidney Pills cure, But we are the makers of them. "Who says so?" counts here, doesn't it! East Liverpool people say so, And we give you their addresses. Perhaps you may know them. Active lives bring on kidney troubles. An example of this is:

Mr. G. H. Garner, of 168 Jackson st., the well-known manufacturer of ice cream, says: "I think my trouble started from a cold. It set in with a soreness and stiffness over my whole body; my appetite was poor, and I was troubled a good deal with a bloating at the stomach. There was also a urinary difficulty, and I felt in fact generally used up and as though I was breaking down. I tried two or three different remedies, but they did not do me the least good. I seem to anything to be getting worse. Having heard Doan's Kidney Pills so highly spoken of I made up my mind I would try them and procured a box at the W. and W. Pharmacy. I had not taken over half the box before I was entirely free from all my trouble, my appetite good and my old time vigor restored. I have recommended them to many of my friends, among them Mr. P. J. Green, V. S., and they all speak of them in the highest terms. I can honestly endorse Doan's Kidney Pills in every particular, knowing them to be A No. 1 and well worth a trial by anyone."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers, price 50 cents, or sent by mail by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Health is Wealth.



DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT

THE ORIGINAL, ALL OTHERS IMITATIONS, Is sold under positive Written Guarantee, by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory, Dizziness, Wakefulness, Fits, Hysteria, Quininess, Night Losses, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all Drains, Youthful Errors, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium, or Liquor, which leads to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. At store or by mail, \$1 a box; six for \$5; with written guarantee to cure or refund money. Sample only sold to each person. At store or by mail.

Red Label Special Extra Strength. For Impotency, Loss of Power, Lost Manhood, Sterility or Barrenness. \$1 a box; six for \$5, with written guarantee to cure in 30 days. At store or by mail. For sale by Will Reed, East Liverpool, O.

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No matter what the size or class of job, with our facilities we can compete with the world in quality of work and price.

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Customers may have the benefit of a large assortment of borders, ornaments, initials, etc. Every new face of type patented always finds room in our job department. None but first-class printers are employed, which means the best possible results obtainable from the material.

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In a Nut Shell

High Wages, Fine Equipment, Artistic Workmen Tells the Story.

THE NEWS REVIEW PRESS.

WELLSVILLE.

Frank B. Kelly has severed his connection with the NEWS REVIEW, and is no longer agent for this paper. Mr. C. R. McGregor has taken charge of the NEWS REVIEW, and is our only authorized agent in Wellsville. Subscribers will make note that Mr. McGregor is the only authorized agent of this paper, and to him alone will they make payment of money due the REVIEW.

HARRY PALMER,
Owner and Manager.

DICKEY GOES TO COURT

Charged With Failing to Support His Wife.

DETAILS OF A PITIABLE CASE

A Woman Who Was Once Numbered Among the Happy Ones of Kittanning, Walked the Streets of Wellsville an Object of Pity and Charity.

Harry Dickey, an employe of the Pioneer pottery, residing with his father on Commerce street, was arraigned in the court of Squire Riley last night for failing to support his family.

A week or more ago the NEWS REVIEW stated that a forlorn looking woman with three small children were searching the city for a husband and father. Later the man was found. The neighbors noticed that she received little attention, and was frequently seen in the streets carrying her babe and followed by the other two, begging bread. It was generally believed that the wife was ill treated. Then there came an uprising of all the good women of the neighborhood demanding a reason. The husband said his wife was demented and he could not control her. This did not satisfy the neighborhood, and physicians were called to examine her. One said her mind was unsound, and the other pronounced her melancholy. At length Mrs. Dickey began to call often at the residence of Mrs. Thompson, a kind neighbor, who gave her shelter and food. Then came the charge against the husband. A warrant was sworn out, and almost all the ladies in the neighborhood were summoned to court. Of about 25 witnesses almost 20 being women.

"The children complained of having nothing to eat," said Mrs. Thompson on the stand, "and I saw Dickey treat his wife roughly. She went to his side as he stood by the gate, and he pushed her away, saying she was not fit to be seen. When I complained to his mother she told me to attend to my own affairs. I saw that turned up corner of Dickey's sticking around the nose of the house listening to what I said about the treatment the children received at the hands of their inhuman father."

Mrs. Dickey, the defendant's mother, testified the children had plenty to eat, she never locked the cupboard, they had plenty of clothes and she cared for them as best she could. Mrs. Dickey had another dress, but would not wear it. The father has not provided for the children since they came. I looked after the family and never charged Mrs. Dickey board. I told her she must abide by my household rules. He tried to keep her at home, but she would go away."

"I don't know anything of my brother not supporting his family," said George Dickey. "I never saw him buy clothing or groceries, but I knew he got orders from the pottery. The family had sufficient if they wanted to use it. He is able to support his family if he has work, and he has not been drunk since she came."

Mrs. Amos Herron was called, but knew little about the case. She gave way to J. M. Workman, who said:

"I have seen Mrs. Dickey and the children on the street begging. She was carrying her child around in the rain, and all were wet. She wore the dress she now has on, and seemed to have no care."

"The mother and children," said Mrs. Thompson, on being recalled, "have been at my house since last Friday. Mr. Dickey did not come after them, and the children are very troublesome to her."

"My wife has been with her uncle since last October," said the defendant on the stand. "I guess Mrs. Thompson coaxed her away. My wife said she left a basket of clothes on the train at Liverpool. We have not found them. I have not bought them clothing for a year, except a dress for her. My uncle did it, and she has clothing at Kittanning. My family has not been neglected, but I thought if Mrs. Thompson was making it her business to

The Boston Department Store.



SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

A semi-annual silk sale for THREE DAYS, FRIDAY, SATURDAY AND MONDAY.

On the above 3 days we will place on sale our entire stock of Silks, together with some New Late Arrivals in Black and Fancy Silks. We give below a partial list of the extremely low prices at which they will be sold for 3 days only.

Black Silks.

| | Worth. | Sale Price. |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-------------|
| 24 inch black satine Duchess..... | \$1 25 | \$.89 |
| 24 inch black sitine Duchess..... | 1 39 | 1 13 |
| 27 inch black satine Duchess..... | 2 00 | 1 37 |
| 22 inch black Pean de Loi..... | 1 25 | .87 |
| 22 inch black Pean de Loi..... | 1 35 | .98 |
| 22 inch black Pean de Loi..... | 1 75 | 1 29 |
| 20 inch black Taille..... | 1 00 | .75 |
| 20 inch black Taille..... | 1 25 | .79 |
| 20 inch black Taffetta..... | .69 | .49 |
| 24 inch black Taffetta..... | 1 25 | .89 |
| 20 inch black Surah..... | .60 | .48 |
| 24 inch black Surah..... | 1 00 | .75 |
| 27 inch black Jap. Silk..... | .75 | .59 |
| 36 inch black Jap. Silk..... | 1 00 | .69 |
| Black Fancy Silks..... | 1 00 | .69 |
| Black Fancy Silks..... | 1 25 | .89 |
| Black Fancy Silks..... | 1 50 | 1 19 |

Colored and Fancy Silks.

| | Worth. | Sale Price. |
|--|--------|-------------|
| 36 inch colored Serge Silks..... | \$.50 | .37 |
| 20 inch colored Surah Silks..... | .60 | .39 |
| 20 inch colored Taffetta Silks..... | .75 | .59 |
| 20 inch colored Fancy Figured Silks..... | 1 00 | .69 |
| 20 inch colored Fancy Figured Silks..... | 1 25 | .75 |
| 20 inch colored Fancy Figured Silks..... | 1 50 | 1 19 |
| 22 inch Printed Jap. Silk..... | .60 | .39 |
| 24 inch Printed Jap. Silks..... | .75 | .59 |
| 27 inch Printed Jap. Silks..... | .89 | .62 1/2 |
| 27 inch White Jap. Silks..... | .50 | .39 |
| 36 inch White Jap. Silks..... | .75 | .59 |
| 36 inch White Jap. Silks..... | .85 | .59 |
| 36 inch Drapery Silks..... | .60 | .39 |
| 22 inch black Grenadines..... | .60 | .39 |
| 46 inch black Grenadines..... | 1 25 | .79 |

SPECIAL One lot 25 inch black silks with colored stripes, are worth 75c, during this sale at **49**

THE AMERICAN QUEEN predicts a large sale of silks for the coming season. We give you an opportunity for 3 days to purchase a silk dress, silk waist or silk skirt at manufacturers prices.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE.

look after my children I would let her do it. I did not go after them when they were out, but knew where they were. I could never get her to do anything I wanted."

The man's testimony did not influence the squire, and he bound him to court in \$500. Dickey said he guessed he would have to stick it out, and was taken below.

The court room has not contained so many people since the Malone trial, and never before were there so many ladies there. Mrs. Dickey is perhaps 30 years old, and it is said that at one time she was the belle of Kittanning. Careworn and weary she has walked the streets, one babe in her arms and another holding her hand, while the other followed. Her attire is a dirty, blue wrapper which hangs about her wasted form like a wet rag. She indeed presents a pitiable spectacle. There have been hints of tar and feathers in Wellsville these past few days.

The News of Wellsville.

From all indications several members of council and the solicitor have been meeting to discuss the chief of police matter. Councilmen will say nothing.

A regular session of the school board was held last night.

Another road race will be given Aug. 27. The course will be from Toronto and return. Manager Stevenson said Saturday's race was for place and not time, which makes McGregor the winner.

The Telescope of the Future.

The late Alvan G. Clark, in an address delivered before the congress of astronomy and astrophysics some time ago, indicated his belief that the telescope of the future will be much more powerful than the present instrument. He said, "The horizon of science has been greatly broadened within the last few years, but out on the borderland I see the glimmer of new lights, which wait for their interpretation, and the great telescopes of the future must be their interpreters."

The Sensible Question.

"Jove, that was terrible—man fell overboard in midocean the other day and never was seen again!" said Hicks. "Drowned?" asked Mrs. Hicks. "Oh, no, of course not; sprained his ankle probably," said Hicks. —Harlem Life.

PREPARED FOR THE WORST.

The Hotel Didn't Burn, but if It Had He Would Have Been Fixed.

"Do you believe that we are sometimes forewarned of great dangers?" asked the commercial traveler. "Did you ever have—what you call it?—premonitions? Well, I was premonished the other night. I had to put up at a junction hotel, and they sent me clear up to the top of the building into one of those rooms with a slanted ceiling. You know the kind. You pay for the room, and the roof occupies it."

"There was one window. I looked out of the window, and it seemed to be at least 60 feet down to the ground. It was a wooden building, and an old one, understand? While I was looking out of the window a freight train went by, and the engine threw out a million sparks."

"Well, I says to myself, 'I can see my finish right now. There'll be 40 trains going by on these two roads tonight, and it's a four to one shot that this hotel is going to catch fire.' I looked out again. There wasn't any fire escape, and they didn't have any rope in the room. You see, in a good many places like that they have a big coil of rope in one corner and a sign that says, 'In case of fire take hold of the rope and jump.' A man reads that sign and then he can't sleep all night."

"Well, I looked out of the window again, and a switch engine pulled past and shot out a lot of live cinders as big as your fist. That settled it. I went over to the bed and found it had two sheets. I took out my pencil and figured that I could tear each sheet into four strips, and, allowing for the knots, each sheet would make about 24 feet of fire escape, although, of course, there would be some waste where I would have to tie it to the bed. I figured that I could push the bed over to the window, fasten one end of my rope to the headboard and play out about 45 feet. I had it all fixed—some water all ready in the bowl, so as to dampen the knots and pull them hard. Of course I still had some distance to fall after I got to the end of my rope, but that was all right. You know, as soon as I had my rope fixed I was going to drop the mattress, so as to have something to fall on."

"I took my cardcase, watch, money and keys and tied them in a handkerchief, which I very carefully placed on the window sill, so that it would not be overlooked in the hurry of getting away. There didn't seem to be anything else that I could do until the alarm was given, so I turned in and fell asleep right away. I wasn't worrying, because I was ready, no matter what happened. I had been asleep about three minutes,

it seemed to me, when somebody pounded at my door and told me to get up; that it was 7 o'clock. I got up and dressed, and you can imagine how badly I was disappointed. Oh, I was sore! But, say, suppose the hotel had caught fire. Wouldn't that have been a star story?"—Chicago Record.

SERPENT POISON.

The Venom of the Cobra Is Deadly Almost Beyond Belief.

It was in the autumn of 1891 that Calmette, while acting as director of the Bacteriological institute of Saigon, Cochinchina, first commenced his experiments on the neutralization of serpent venom in the animal system. He had exceptional opportunities in the matter of serpent venom wherewith to carry out his investigations, inasmuch as a band of cobras had recently attacked a village in the vicinity of Bac-Lieu, and by order of the governor of the district no fewer than 90 specimens of the terrible Naja tripudians, or cobra de capello, were forwarded in a barrel to the institute.

Forty of these reptiles arrived alive, and several were at once sacrificed to secure their venom glands. Each gland, resembling both in size and shape a shelled almond, contains about 30 drops of venom, and in this transparent limpid liquid is embodied a toxine of extraordinary strength. As is well known, this cobra is the most dreaded of all serpents, and it is widely distributed over India, Burma, Sumatra, Java, Malacca and Cochinchina. Until Calmette, however, set to work to systematically study the nature of this reptile's venom, but little precise or reliable information had been obtained as to its character. It was, of course, necessary in the first instance to ascertain, within as narrow a limit as possible, the exact degree of toxic power inherent in the venom, and to determine, if possible, the precise dose lethal in respect of each variety of animal experimented upon.

A correct calculation of the quantity of venom required in every case was, however, found to be quite impossible, for so virulent is the poison that a single drop of an emulsion produced by pounding up 8 glands in 300 grams of distilled water is sufficient, when introduced into the vein of a rabbit's ear, to kill it in five minutes. All the mammals to which Calmette administered this cobra venom, such as monkeys, dogs, rabbits, guinea pigs, rats, succumbed more or less quickly, according to the size of the dose.—Longman's Magazine.

I have always thought that what was good was only what was beautiful put in action.—Rousseau.

Absentminded.

A surgeon who is often absentminded was dining at the house of a friend.

"Doctor," said the lady of the house, "as you are so clever with the knife we must ask you to carve the mutton."

"With pleasure," was the reply, and, setting to work, he made a deep incision in the joint of meat. Then—whatever was he thinking about?—he drew from his pocket a bundle of lint, together with several linen bandages, and bound up the wound in due form. The guests were stricken dumb at the sight. But he, still deeply absorbed in thought, said, "With rest and care he'll soon be better."—Strand Magazine.

Dickie Wants to Take Everything.

"What are you going to be when you grow up, my boy?"

"A king," answered Willie proudly.

"And you, Dickie?"

"I guess I'll be an ace."—Detroit Free Press.

The First National Bank

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WE will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we can cure with West's Vegetable Liver Pills, which the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. Sugar Coated. Large boxes, 25 cents. Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine manufactured only by THE JOHN C. WEST COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.
For sale by Will Reed, East Liverpool, Ohio.

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A Woman Who Was Once Numbered Among the Happy Ones of Kittanning, Walked the Streets of Wellsville an Object of Pity and Charity.

Harry Dickey, an employe of the Pioneer pottery, residing with his father on Commerce street, was arraigned in the court of Squire Riley last night for failing to support his family.

A week or more ago the NEWS REVIEW stated that a forlorn looking woman with three small children were searching the city for a husband and father. Later the man was found. The neighbors noticed that she received little attention, and was frequently seen in the streets carrying her babe and followed by the other two, begging bread. It was generally believed that the wife was ill treated. Then there came an uprising of all the good women of the neighborhood demanding a reason. The husband said his wife was demented and he could not control her. This did not satisfy the neighborhood, and physicians were called to examine her. One said her mind was unsound, and the other pronounced her melancholy. At length Mrs. Dickey began to call often at the residence of Mrs. Thompson, a kind neighbor, who gave her shelter and food. Then came the charge against the husband. A warrant was sworn out, and almost all the ladies in the neighborhood were summoned to court. Of about 25 witnesses almost 20 being women.

"The children complained of having nothing to eat," said Mrs. Thompson on the stand, "and I saw Dickey treat his wife roughly. She went to his side as he stood by the gate, and he pushed her away, saying she was not fit to be seen. When I complained to his mother she told me to attend to my own affairs. I saw that turned up nose of Dickey's sticking around the corner of the house listening to what I said about the treatment the children received at the hands of their inhuman father."

Mrs. Dickey, the defendant's mother, testified the children had plenty to eat, she never locked the cupboard, they had plenty of clothes and she cared for them as best she could. Mrs. Dickey had another dress, but would not wear it. The father has not provided for the children since they came. I looked after the family and never charged Mrs. Dickey board. I told her she must abide by my household rules. He tried to keep her at home, but she would go away."

"I don't know anything of my brother not supporting his family," said George Dickey. "I never saw him buy clothing or groceries, but I knew he got orders from the pottery. The family had sufficient if they wanted to use it. He is able to support his family if he has work, and he has not been drunk since she came."

Mrs. Amos Herron was called, but knew little about the case. She gave way to J. M. Workman, who said:

"I have seen Mrs. Dickey and the children on the street begging. She was carrying her child around in the rain, and all were wet. She wore the dress she now has on, and seemed to have no care."

"The mother and children," said Mrs. Thompson, on being recalled, "have been at my house since last Friday. Mr. Dickey did not come after them, and the children are very troublesome to her."

"My wife has been with her uncle since last October," said the defendant on the stand. "I guess Mrs. Thompson coaxed her away. My wife said she left a basket of clothes on the train at Liverpool. We have not found them. I have not bought them clothing for a year, except a dress for her. My uncle did it, and she has clothing at Kittanning. My family has not been neglected, but I thought if Mrs. Thompson was making it her business to

The Boston Department Store.



SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

A semi-annual silk sale for THREE DAYS, FRIDAY, SATURDAY AND MONDAY.

On the above 3 days we will place on sale our entire stock of Silks, together with some New Late Arrivals in Black and Fancy Silks. We give below a partial list of the extremely low prices at which they will be sold for 3 days only.

Black Silks.

| | Worth. | Sale Price. |
|-----------------------------------|--------|-------------|
| 24 inch black satine Duchess..... | \$1 25 | \$.89 |
| 24 inch black sitine Duchess..... | 1 39 | 1 13 |
| 27 inch black satine Duchess..... | 2 00 | 1 37 |
| 22 inch black Pean de Loi..... | 1 25 | .87 |
| 22 inch black Pean de Loi..... | 1 35 | .98 |
| 22 inch black Pean de Loi..... | 1 75 | 1 29 |
| 20 inch black Taille..... | 1 00 | .75 |
| 20 inch black Taille..... | 1 25 | .79 |
| 20 inch black Taffetta..... | .69 | .49 |
| 24 inch black Taffetta..... | 1 25 | .89 |
| 20 inch black Surah..... | .60 | .48 |
| 24 inch black Surah..... | 1 00 | .75 |
| 27 inch black Jap. Silk..... | .75 | .59 |
| 36 inch black Jap. Silk..... | 1 00 | .69 |
| Black Fancy Silks..... | 1 00 | .69 |
| Black Fancy Silks..... | 1 25 | .89 |
| Black Fancy Silks..... | 1 50 | 1 19 |

Colored and Fancy Silks.

| | Worth. | Sale Price. |
|--|--------|-------------|
| 36 inch colored Serge Silks..... | \$.50 | .37 |
| 20 inch colored Surah Silks..... | .60 | .39 |
| 20 inch colored Taffetta Silks..... | .75 | .59 |
| 20 inch colored Fancy Figured Silks..... | 1 00 | .69 |
| 20 inch colored Fancy Figured Silks..... | 1 25 | .75 |
| 20 inch colored Fancy Figured Silks..... | 1 50 | 1 19 |
| 22 inch Printed Jap. Silk..... | .60 | .39 |
| 24 inch Printed Jap. Silks..... | .75 | .59 |
| 27 inch Printed Jap. Silks..... | .89 | .62 1/2 |
| 27 inch White Jap. Silks..... | .50 | .39 |
| 36 inch White Jap. Silks..... | .75 | .59 |
| 36 inch White Jap. Silks..... | .85 | .59 |
| 36 inch Drapery Silks..... | .60 | .39 |
| 22 inch black Grenadines..... | .60 | .39 |
| 46 inch black Grenadines..... | 1 25 | .79 |

SPECIAL One lot 25 inch black silks with colored stripes, are worth 49 75c, during this sale at

THE AMERICAN QUEEN predicts a large sale of silks for the coming season. We give you an opportunity for 3 days to purchase a silk dress, silk waist or silk skirt at manufacturers prices.

THE BOSTON DEPARTMENT STORE.

look after my children I would let her do it. I did not go after them when they were out, but knew where they were. I could never get her to do anything I wanted."

The man's testimony did not influence the squire, and he bound him to court in \$500. Dickey said he guessed he would have to stick it out, and was taken below.

The court room has not contained so many people since the Malone trial, and never before were there so many ladies there. Mrs. Dickey is perhaps 30 years old, and it is said that at one time she was the belle of Kittanning. Careworn and weary she has walked the streets, one babe in her arms and another holding her hand, while the other followed. Her attire is a dirty, blue wrapper which hangs about her wasted form like a wet rag. She indeed presents a pitiable spectacle. There have been hints of tar and feathers in Wellsville these past few days.

The News of Wellsville.

From all indications several members of council and the solicitor have been meeting to discuss the chief of police matter. Councilmen will say nothing.

A regular session of the school board was held last night.

Another road race will be given Aug. 27. The course will be from Toronto and return. Manager Stevenson said Saturday's race was for place and not time, which makes McGregor the winner.

The Telescope of the Future.

The late Alvan G. Clark, in an address delivered before the congress of astronomy and astrophysics some time ago, indicated his belief that the telescope of the future will be much more powerful than the present instrument. He said, "The horizon of science has been greatly broadened within the last few years, but out on the borderland I see the glimmer of new lights, which wait for their interpretation, and the great telescopes of the future must be their interpreters."

The Sensible Question.

"Jove, that was terrible—man fell overboard in midocean the other day and never was seen again!" said Hicks. "Drowned?" asked Mrs. Hicks. "Oh, no, of course not; sprained his ankle probably," said Hicks.—Harlem Life.

PREPARED FOR THE WORST.

The Hotel Didn't Burn, but if It Had He Would Have Been Fixed.

"Do you believe that we are sometimes forewarned of great dangers?" asked the commercial traveler. "Did you ever have—what you call it?—premonitions? Well, I was premonished the other night. I had to put up at a junction hotel, and they sent me clear up to the top of the building into one of those rooms with a slanted ceiling. You know the kind. You pay for the room, and the roof occupies it.

"There was one window. I looked out of the window, and it seemed to be at least 60 feet down to the ground. It was a wooden building, and an old one, understand? While I was looking out of the window a freight train went by, and the engine threw out a million sparks.

"Well, I say to myself, 'I can see my finish right now. There'll be 40 trains going by on these two roads to-night, and it's a four to one shot that this hotel is going to catch fire.' I looked out again. There wasn't any fire escape, and they didn't have any rope in the room. You see, in a good many places like that they have a big coil of rope in one corner and a sign that says, 'In case of fire take hold of the rope and jump.' A man reads that sign and then he can't sleep all night.

"Well, I looked out of the window again, and a switch engine pulled past and shot out a lot of live cinders as big as your fist. That settled it. I went over to the bed and found it had two sheets. I took out my pencil and figured that I could tear each sheet into four strips, and, allowing for the knots, each sheet would make about 24 feet of fire escape, although, of course, there would be some waste where I would have to tie it to the bed. I figured that I could push the bed over to the window, fasten one end of my rope to the headboard and play out about 45 feet. I had it all fixed—some water all ready in the bowl, so as to dampen the knots and pull them hard. Of course I still had some distance to fall after I got to the end of my rope, but that was all right. You know, as soon as I had my rope fixed I was going to drop the mattress, so as to have something to fall on.

"I took my cardcase, watch, money and keys and tied them in a handkerchief, which I very carefully placed on the window sill, so that it would not be overlooked in the hurry of getting away. There didn't seem to be anything else that I could do until the alarm was given, so I turned in and fell asleep right away. I wasn't worrying, because I was ready, no matter what happened. I had been asleep about three minutes,

it seemed to me, when somebody pounded at my door and told me to get up; that it was 7 o'clock. I got up and dressed, and you can imagine how badly I was disappointed. Oh, I was sore! But, say, suppose the hotel had caught fire. Wouldn't that have been a star story?"—Chicago Record.

SERPENT POISON.

The Venom of the Cobra Is Deadly Almost Beyond Belief.

It was in the autumn of 1891 that Calmette, while acting as director of the Bacteriological institute of Saigon, Cochinchina, first commenced his experiments on the neutralization of serpent venom in the animal system. He had exceptional opportunities in the matter of serpent venom wherewith to carry out his investigations, inasmuch as a band of cobras had recently attacked a village in the vicinity of Bac-Lieu, and by order of the governor of the district no fewer than 90 specimens of the terrible Naja tripudians, or cobra de capello, were forwarded in a barrel to the institute.

Forty of these reptiles arrived alive, and several were at once sacrificed to secure their venom glands. Each gland, resembling both in size and shape a shelled almond, contains about 30 drops of venom, and in this transparent limpid liquid is embodied a toxine of extraordinary strength. As is well known, this cobra is the most dreaded of all serpents, and it is widely distributed over India, Burma, Sumatra, Java, Malacca and Cochinchina. Until Calmette, however, set to work to systematically study the nature of this reptile's venom, but little precise or reliable information had been obtained as to its character. It was, of course, necessary in the first instance to ascertain, within as narrow a limit as possible, the exact degree of toxic power inherent in the venom, and to determine, if possible, the precise dose lethal in respect of each variety of animal experimented upon.

A correct calculation of the quantity of venom required in every case was, however, found to be quite impossible, for so virulent is the poison that a single drop of an emulsion produced by pounding up 8 glands in 300 grams of distilled water is sufficient, when introduced into the vein of a rabbit's ear, to kill it in five minutes. All the mammals to which Calmette administered this cobra venom, such as monkeys, dogs, rabbits, guinea pigs, rats, succumbed more or less quickly, according to the size of the dose.—Longman's Magazine.

I have always thought that what was good was only what was beautiful put in action.—Rousseau.

Absentminded.

A surgeon who is often absentminded was dining at the house of a friend.

"Doctor," said the lady of the house, "as you are so clever with the knife we must ask you to carve the mutton."

"With pleasure," was the reply, and, setting to work, he made a deep incision in the joint of meat. Then—whatever was he thinking about?—he drew from his pocket a bundle of lint, together with several linen bandages, and bound up the wound in due form. The guests were stricken dumb at the sight. But he, still deeply absorbed in thought, said, "With rest and care he'll soon be better."—Strand Magazine.

Dickie Wants to Take Everything.

"What are you going to be when you grow up, my boy?"

"A king," answered Willie proudly.

"And you, Dickie?"

"I guess I'll be an ace."—Detroit Free Press.

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J. M. KELLY, Vice President.
N. G. MACRUM, Cashier.
H. H. BLYTHE, Assistant Cashier.

Board of Directors:

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The News Review.

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

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EAST LIVERPOOL, O., TUESDAY JULY 27.



REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Governor, Asa S. Bushnell.
Lieutenant governor, A. W. Jones.
Supreme judge, Jacob A. Burkett.
Attorney general, Frank Monnet.
State treasurer, Samuel Campbell.
School commissioner, L. D. Bonebrake.
Member of Board of Public Works, C. A. Joddard.
For Senator, W. V. Blake.
For Representative, F. M. Ashford of Wash-
ington township.
For Treasurer, Charles E. Smith of Fair-
field township.
For Sheriff, Charles Gill of Liverpool town-
ship.
For Commissioner, W. K. George of Mad-
ison township.
For Prosecutor, J. H. Brookes of Liver-
pool township.
For Infirmary Director, C. D. Filson of Cen-
ter township.

MR. HANNA has come back to Ohio, and the campaign will soon be as wide open as campaigns usually are. It will not be hard to foretell the result.

THE Youngstown Telegram has sharpened its axe and is swinging it right and left among the fellows who sent out fake stories of the recent storm.

CANDIDATE CHAPMAN was a strong man during the war, but he didn't go to the front. Perhaps there is something in the statement that he was what they then called a copperhead.

IF the Japs continue to fume and fret about the annexation of Hawaii, Uncle Sam may gobble the islands just to show the little fellows that he can do a thing or two when he sets about it.

SILVER as an issue will not amount to much in the coming campaign. It requires something more than the specter of calamity to frighten the Ohio man into supporting Chapman and McLean.

THE London press is not in the best of humor. For some reason it pretends to believe that Uncle Sam is boiling over for a fight with its Johnny Bull, and the last excuse is the Klondyke gold fields.

SENATOR FORAKER was not long in the senate, but he left Washington the other day with the assurance that he has the respect of many an old statesman who never before saw a young man who was not afraid of his colleagues.

IF the consumer pays the tariff, why did the importing houses offer rewards to those sea captains who succeeded in registering their cargoes before the bill was signed, or why did a crowd of importers hiss the captain of a steamer loaded with dutiable goods because he made no effort to beat the bill?

THE determination of the board of education to float its bonds at four per cent, a saving of two per cent for the taxpayers, is most commendable. Yet there is no reason why it should not be. Some municipalities have no trouble in getting bidders at three per cent while many big corporations seldom secure more.

THE START.

The tariff is a good thing, but it is not everything. It will materially aid in drawing the government from the slough into which it sank under the guiding hand of such men as Cleveland and Wilson, and it will beyond question restore prosperity and produce the condition so long existing before the advent of the last Democratic administration. But the people must put their shoulder to the wheel, everybody must help. The country cannot be cured in a month of an ailment of over four years standing, but it can be cured in a remarkably short time if all who are interested, and that means all the people, will but lend their aid. We have the necessary legislation, the rest remains with the country.

Seeing the Races.

A number of local enthusiasts are in Cleveland attending the races.

FOUND IN THE RIVER

Anderson's Body Came to the Surface at Toronto.

BROUGHT UP BY THE PRINCESS

The Dead Man's Cousin Was on the Bedford When He Fell Overboard, and Identified the Floater by Tattoo Marks on His Arm—Foul Play Not Suspected.

The body of Thomas Wilbur Anderson, who fell from the rail of the Bedford at Georgetown and was drowned last Friday night, came to the surface at Toronto yesterday and was identified.

Perry Blevins and Jerome Hughes were crossing the river from Cumberland when the Princess passed. Immediately afterward a body floated to the surface, and they towed it to Toronto. Coroner Fisher was notified, and a message was sent to Mrs. Anderson at Marietta. She replied that she would reach Toronto today. Dan Daily, Anderson's cousin from Wheeling, who was on board the Bedford, identified the body by the initials tattooed on his arm. He said Anderson had been drinking before the accident, and he took all his money from him. A hole in the man's face caused the report that he had been shot, but it is believed the wound was made after he entered the water. The body was in an advanced state of decomposition, and the clothes had been almost all torn away.

CROPS ON KEPNER'S FARM

Appear In Court In Connection With the Martin Case.

LISBON, July 27.—[Special]—Next Thursday morning in Squire Firestone's court five jurors will determine the ownership of 14 acres of wheat and five tons of hay on Jesse Kepner's farm, Hanover.

A week ago Sheriff Gill levied on the property as belonging to Kepner to satisfy in part the \$10,000 verdict obtained by John R. Martin, once county treasurer. After the levy Samuel Humphry, of Hanover, served notice that the wheat and hay belonged to him, and demanded the release of the levy. Charles R. Miller, J. W. Springer, Abraham Moore, Samuel Mann and James Charters were drawn to serve on the case.

SAVED HIS LIFE.

A Young Lad Almost Drowned At the Broadway Wharf.

Christian Metch Jr., while standing on one of Pilgrim's coal floats at the Broadway wharf watching the new ferry, fell into the river. The young lad is about 12 years old and unable to swim, although the water at that point was about six feet deep. W. R. Jackson, who watches the floats, with the assistance of George Mont, fished him out as he was going down the last time. This is the second life Jackson has saved within a month and a half.

They Didn't Know Him.

Last evening as two young ladies were passing an uptown store a young man stepped between them, presumably for the purpose of accompanying them. The young ladies stopped, and very politely, but loud enough for the spectators to hear, informed the young man they did not know him, and did not care for his company. The crowd smiled, and the young man lost no time in disappearing around the corner.

A Ducking.

An aged man well loaded with booze attempted to get in a skiff at the foot of Washington street yesterday afternoon. As he was about to sit down the skiff upset, and the river raised several inches. The coolness of the water sobered him somewhat and he crossed the river.

Will Appeal the Case.

Professor Nowling, leader of the Rock Spring orchestra, was suspended from Local 36 at Beaver Falls last Sunday afternoon. He appealed his case to the National Musical union in New York, and if it cannot be settled there he will carry it into court.

Bigger Than Ever.

George Grosshans has almost completed his work of taking the census of the city, and he expects to be done next Friday evening. The First ward was finished today, and the Third ward will be started tomorrow. He states the town is bigger than ever.

Fast Driving Again.

A number of horsemen have been trying the speed of their horses on Thompson hill. Last night a small son of John Scott, of Elm street, was knocked down, but luckily escaped injury. The matter will be reported to the police.

Cretan Caution.

The following dialogue between two Cretans who met in the mountains is a literal translation from the original and a typical illustration of their caution:

A.—Good day, neighbor.
B.—You are right welcome, my good friend.
A.—Where do you come from?
B.—From up yonder; quite near.
A.—And where might you be going to?
B.—Oh, only just down there.
A.—Well, and what's the news, dear friend?
B.—Good news, and all that you may tell me over and above.
A.—Make me a present of your name.
B.—You are heartily welcome to it. [But he never breathes it for all that.]

A living example of this curious distrust and caution, lest by a mere accident the common enemy should learn a secret of significance, is an old man named Costoro Voludhaki, who, like several others Cretans whom I met, is a hale centenarian who has passed through eight revolutions unscathed. He carries secrecy to such a point that he never allows even his own friends and partisans to know where he sleeps at night. It is hardly surprising if, under these circumstances, contemporary Cretans have inherited the unenviable reputation of their forefathers for unvaracity. But no one who approves deception in war and diplomacy in peace will be justified in casting the first stone at those whose very lives occasionally depend, both in war and in peace, upon their misleading their secular foes.—Fortnightly Review.

His Letter of Introduction.

One day a tall, gaunt stranger from Arkansas cornered Opie Read at the Press club. He began fishing about in his pockets.

"Got a letter of introduction to you hyarabout some'ere," he said.
"Had the darndest time findin you," he continued. "Got into town yesterday afternoon, and last night I started out to look you up. I thought probably the folks at the telegraph office would know you, but they didn't. And the hotel folks didn't know you nuther. Then I went to a newspaper shop and they sent me over here."

By this time the visitor had found the missing letter of introduction. It was written with a lead pencil in a schoolboy's hand and the spelling was decidedly phonetic. Opie scrutinized the signature closely.

"John Scraggins," he said musingly, "John Scraggins. I don't recall Mr. Scraggins."

"That's my boy," said the visitor proudly. "He's been to school in Little Rock all winter, and so when I got ready awhile ago to come to Chicago I told him to write me a letter of introduction to you, and he did it. What's the matter with the letter? Ain't it writ all right?"

"Oh, yes, it's all right," said the novelist.

And it was, for the man from Arkansas spent a pleasant afternoon at the club.—Chicago Times Herald.

Setting Himself a Great Stunt.

"Every morning when I get up," said Mr. Billtops, "I set myself the stunt of preserving my tranquillity unbroken through the day, and every night I am obliged to confess that I am not up to it yet."

"The trials begin at home with the breakfast and the children and I don't know what else, and they run through the day at business and are found again at home at night. They come in various and unexpected forms and out of most unexpected incidents and at times when they are never dreamed of. One needs impervious imperturbability to withstand them all and perfect nerve and resolution."

"With an absolutely tranquil mind, quite undisturbed by circumstance, what could not one do? I have not yet reached that happy frame, but I am making a bluff at it daily and am getting nearer to it all the time."—New York Sun.

The Practice That Makes Perfect.

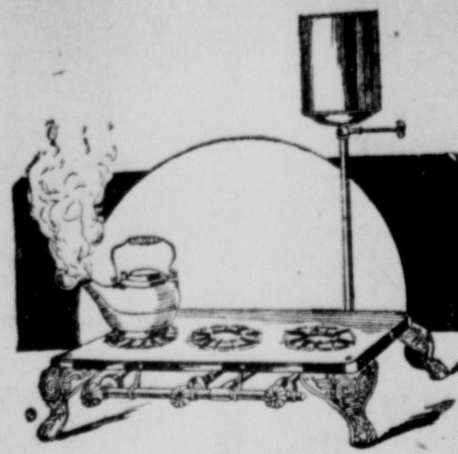
A writer in the St. Louis Globe-Democrat says that few persons have an adequate idea of the amount of labor bestowed by virtuosi in practicing upon their chosen instruments before appearing as public performers. When Liszt was learning piano playing, he practiced ten hours a day for over 12 years. Ole Bull spent over 20 years in almost constant practice on the violin. With Paganini the violin was the study of a lifetime. For over 25 years he never allowed a day to pass without eight or ten hours spent in playing exercises to improve his fingering and facility of execution. Rubinstein devoted over 15 years to studying the piano. Paderewski has devoted a lifetime to his instrument.

Neither a Pauper Nor a Papa.

The Ottawa Herald notes that occasionally a little fun comes into the life of a township assessor. At one house Assessor Wharton found a young bride who persisted in the declaration that her husband had no occupation.

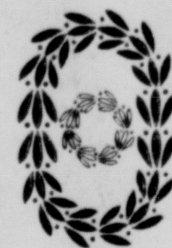
"You don't want me to set him down as a pauper, do you?" facetiously inquired Mr. Wharton.

"Law, no!" responded the young wife, blushing furiously. "We ain't been married but six months."—Kansas City Journal.



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For sale by Alvin H. Bulger, Druggist, Sixth and W. Market, East Liverpool.

FRENCH ARMY AND NAVY.

England's Traditional Enemy Not Behind Her In Armament.

The French navy ranks next to that of England in numbers, while in efficiency and fighting qualities the French ships are fully equal to their English rivals. In fact, in naval architecture the French early took the lead, and many of the English types of ships were modeled after the French designs, says The Chautauquan. One of the chief differences between the English and the French armored ships today is in the disposition of the armor and the consequent design of the hull. English designers have striven to protect the men working the guns, and to do this they have reduced the length of the ship's armor. French and naval architects, on the other hand, have given little attention to the protection of men and a great deal to the protection of the water line. Therefore they have reduced the breadth of the ship's armor.

It is worthy of note that France is the only great power which levies a tax on such of her citizens as either do not enlist in the standing army or who enlist for a shorter term than three years. Only those who are officially declared "impecunious" are exempt from such a tax. It is payable annually as long as the liability to service lasts, and the revenue from this source amounts to about 80,000,000 francs, or \$6,000,000, annually.

The officers of the French army receive a very thorough education at the different military schools. At the head of these (although not exclusively military) stands the Polytechnic school in Paris, which admits 150 pupils annually after a competitive examination. The course occupies nine months in the year for two years.

As it is impossible to keep under arms for three years the entire annual contingent of recruits, the law provides for the discharge of thoroughly trained men at the end of the first or second year of active service in such proportions as to bring down the peace strength of the army to the number annually determined upon by the general assembly. Preferences in this connection are decided by lot. For this purpose every recruit at his enrollment draws a number, and only those having the highest numbers are entitled to consideration.

Costumes of the Spreewald.

Consul General De Kay writes a paper entitled "An Inland Venice" for The Century. It is a description of life in the Serbian swamp, Vendland. Mr. De Kay says: "School out" at the village school of Burg is a pretty sight. The substantial brick building overlooks the ever murmuring highway, and the

boys and girls, instead of stringing up a dusty road, tumble into punts and pole away for dear life—the boys much like other boys, but the girls reduced facsimiles of their mothers and elder sisters, clad in bright but short raiment and visible afar off through their strange mob caps with wings. As one moves down stream from Burg by Leipe to Lubbenau, these wings grow smaller and collapse, while the skirts grow longer and more resemble the ordinary dress of women. At a dance the Spreewalders know instantly, by the peculiarities of her costume, from what village a woman or girl has come. At Leipe the multitudinous skirts of alarming girth are no more. The gown reaches the ankles, and the cap fits close to the head instead of resting on a framework as in Burg. Thus the dress in Leipe is perhaps more graceful, but it is more commonplace. It no longer testifies to that pride of the peasant father or husband which is shown by the number of yards in the skirts of his woman folk and the variety of their caps, by the richness of their dress as well as their jewelry.

Always Play Cards For Money.

"England is termed puritanical," said a New Yorker who has been in London a good deal, "but English people who consider themselves very proper do things sometimes which would shock people of a similar sort in this country. For instance, even clergymen often play cards for money, and women do so as a matter of course. I never played a game at an English house at which there was not a stake."

"The stake was small if women were among the players, and possibly only a few shillings changed hands, but it never seemed to occur to any English people I ever met to play for fun. The people were of the middle class, which is anything but fast."

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The News Review.

LEADING DAILY OF COLUMBIANA COUNTY.

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY

THE NEWS REVIEW COMPANY.

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EAST LIVERPOOL, O., TUESDAY JULY 27.



REPUBLICAN TICKET.

Governor, Asa S. Bushnell.
Lieutenant Governor, A. W. Jones.
Supreme Judge, Jacob A. Burkett.
Attorney General, Frank Monnet.
State Treasurer, Samuel Campbell.
School Commissioner, L. D. Bonebrake.
Member of Board of Public Works, C. A. Jeddard.
For Senator, W. V. Blake.
For Representative, P. M. Ashford of Washington township.
For Treasurer, Charles E. Smith of Fairfield township.
For Sheriff, Charles Gill of Liverpool township.
For Commissioner, W. K. George of Madison township.
For Prosecutor, J. H. Brookes of Liverpool township.
For Infirmary Director, C. D. Filson of Center township.

MR. HANNA has come back to Ohio, and the campaign will soon be as wide open as campaigns usually are. It will not be hard to foretell the result.

THE Youngstown Telegram has sharpened its axe and is swinging it right and left among the fellows who sent out fake stories of the recent storm.

CANDIDATE CHAPMAN was a strong man during the war, but he didn't go to the front. Perhaps there is something in the statement that he was what they then called a copperhead.

IF the Japs continue to fume and fret about the annexation of Hawaii, Uncle Sam may gobble the islands just to show the little fellows that he can do a thing or two when he sets about it.

SILVER as an issue will not amount to much in the coming campaign. It requires something more than the specter of calamity to frighten the Ohio man into supporting Chapman and McLean.

THE London press is not in the best of humor. For some reason it pretends to believe that Uncle Sam is boiling over for a fight with its Johnny Bull, and the last excuse is the Klondyke gold fields.

SENATOR FORAKER was not long in the senate, but he left Washington the other day with the assurance that he has the respect of many an old statesman who never before saw a young man who was not afraid of his colleagues.

IF the consumer pays the tariff, why did the importing houses offer rewards to those sea captains who succeeded in registering their cargoes before the bill was signed, or why did a crowd of importers hiss the captain of a steamer loaded with dutiable goods because he made no effort to beat the bill?

THE determination of the board of education to float its bonds at four per cent, a saving of two per cent for the taxpayers, is most commendable. Yet there is no reason why it should not be. Some municipalities have no trouble in getting bidders at three per cent while many big corporations seldom secure more.

THE START.

The tariff is a good thing, but it is not everything. It will materially aid in drawing the government from the slough into which it sank under the guiding hand of such men as Cleveland and Wilson, and it will beyond question restore prosperity and produce the condition so long existing before the advent of the last Democratic administration. But the people must put their shoulder to the wheel, everybody must help. The country cannot be cured in a month of an ailment of over four years standing, but it can be cured in a remarkably short time if all who are interested, and that means all the people, will but lend their aid. We have the necessary legislation, the rest remains with the country.

Seeing the Races.

A number of local enthusiasts are in Cleveland attending the races.

FOUND IN THE RIVER

Anderson's Body Came to the Surface at Toronto.

BROUGHT UP BY THE PRINCESS

The Dead Man's Cousin Was on the Bedford When He Fell Overboard, and Identified the Floater by Tattoo Marks on His Arm—Foul Play Not Suspected.

The body of Thomas Wilbur Anderson, who fell from the rail of the Bedford at Georgetown and was drowned last Friday night, came to the surface at Toronto yesterday and was identified.

Perry Blevins and Jerome Hughes were crossing the river from Cumberland when the Princess passed. Immediately afterward a body floated to the surface, and they towed it to Toronto. Coroner Fisher was notified, and a message was sent to Mrs. Anderson at Marietta. She replied that she would reach Toronto today. Dan Daily, Anderson's cousin from Wheeling, who was on board the Bedford, identified the body by the initials tattooed on his arm. He said Anderson had been drinking before the accident, and he took all his money from him. A hole in the man's face caused the report that he had been shot, but it is believed the wound was made after he entered the water. The body was in an advanced state of decomposition, and the clothes had been almost all torn away.

CROPS ON KEPNER'S FARM

Appear in Court in Connection With the Martin Case.

LISBON, July 27.—[Special]—Next Thursday morning in Squire Firestone's court five jurors will determine the ownership of 14 acres of wheat and five tons of hay on Jesse Kepner's farm, Hanover.

A week ago Sheriff Gill levied on the property as belonging to Kepner to satisfy in part the \$10,000 verdict obtained by John R. Martin, once county treasurer. After the levy Samuel Humphry, of Hanover, served notice that the wheat and hay belonged to him, and demanded the release of the levy. Charles R. Miller, J. W. Springer, Abraham Moore, Samuel Mann and James Charters were drawn to serve on the case.

SAVED HIS LIFE.

A Young Lad Almost Drowned At the Broadway Wharf.

Christian Metch Jr., while standing on one of Pilgrim's coal floats at the Broadway wharf watching the new ferry, fell into the river. The young lad is about 12 years old and unable to swim, although the water at that point was about six feet deep. W. R. Jackson, who watches the floats, with the assistance of George Mont, fished him out as he was going down the last time. This is the second life Jackson has saved within a month and a half.

They Didn't Know Him.

Last evening as two young ladies were passing an uptown store a young man stepped between them, presumably for the purpose of accompanying them. The young ladies stopped, and very politely, but loud enough for the spectators to hear, informed the young man they did not know him, and did not care for his company. The crowd smiled, and the young man lost no time in disappearing around the corner.

A Ducking.

An aged man well loaded with booze attempted to get in a skiff at the foot of Washington street yesterday afternoon. As he was about to sit down the skiff upset, and the river raised several inches. The coolness of the water sobered him somewhat and he crossed the river.

Will Appeal the Case.

Professor Nowling, leader of the Rock Spring orchestra, was suspended from Local 36 at Beaver Falls last Sunday afternoon. He appealed his case to the National Musical union in New York, and if it cannot be settled there he will carry it into court.

Bigger Than Ever.

George Grosshans has almost completed his work of taking the census of the city, and he expects to be done next Friday evening. The First ward was finished today, and the Third ward will be started tomorrow. He states the town is bigger than ever.

Fast Driving Again.

A number of horsemen have been trying the speed of their horses on Thompson hill. Last night a small son of John Scott, of Elm street, was knocked down, but luckily escaped injury. The matter will be reported to the police.

Cretan Caution.

The following dialogue between two Cretans who met in the mountains is a literal translation from the original and a typical illustration of their caution:

A.—Good day, neighbor.
B.—You are right welcome, my good friend.

A.—Where do you come from?
B.—From up yonder; quite near.
A.—And where might you be going to?

B.—Oh, only just down there.
A.—Well, and what's the news, dear friend?

B.—Good news, and all that you may tell me over and above.

A.—Make me a present of your name.
B.—You are heartily welcome to it. [But he never breathes it for all that.]

A living example of this curious distrust and caution, lest by a mere accident the common enemy should learn a secret of significance, is an old man named Costoro Voludhaki, who, like several others Cretans whom I met, is a hale centenarian who has passed through eight revolutions unscathed. He carries secrecy to such a point that he never allows even his own friends and partisans to know where he sleeps at night. It is hardly surprising if, under these circumstances, contemporary Cretans have inherited the unenviable reputation of their forefathers for unvaracity. But no one who approves deception in war and diplomacy in peace will be justified in casting the first stone at those whose very lives occasionally depend, both in war and in peace, upon their misleading their secular foes.—Fortnightly Review.

His Letter of Introduction.

One day a tall, gaunt stranger from Arkansas cornered Opie Read at the Press club. He began fishing about in his pockets.

"Got a letter of introduction to you hyarabout some'ere," he said.

"Had the darndest time findin you," he continued. "Got into town yesterday afternoon, and last night I started out to look you up. I thought probably the folks at the telegraph office would know you, but they didn't. And the hotel folks didn't know you nuther. Then I went to a newspaper shop and they sent me over here."

By this time the visitor had found the missing letter of introduction. It was written with a lead pencil in a schoolboy's hand and the spelling was decidedly phonetic. Opie scrutinized the signature closely.

"John Scruggins," he said musingly.
"John Scruggins. I don't recall Mr. Scruggins."

"That's my boy," said the visitor proudly. "He's been to school in Little Rock all winter, and so when I got ready awhile ago to come to Chicago I told him to write me a letter of introduction to you, and he did it. What's the matter with the letter? Ain't it writ all right?"

"Oh, yes, it's all right," said the novelist.

And it was, for the man from Arkansas spent a pleasant afternoon at the club.—Chicago Times Herald.

Setting Himself a Great Stunt.

"Every morning when I get up," said Mr. Bilttopps, "I set myself the stunt of preserving my tranquillity unbroken through the day, and every night I am obliged to confess that I am not up to it yet."

"The trials begin at home with the breakfast and the children and I don't know what else, and they run through the day at business and are found again at home at night. They come in various and unexpected forms and out of most unexpected incidents and at times when they are never dreamed of. One needs impervious imperturbability to withstand them all and perfect nerve and resolution."

"With an absolutely tranquil mind, quite undisturbed by circumstance, what could not one do? I have not yet reached that happy frame, but I am making a bluff at it daily and am getting nearer to it all the time."—New York Sun.

The Practice That Makes Perfect.

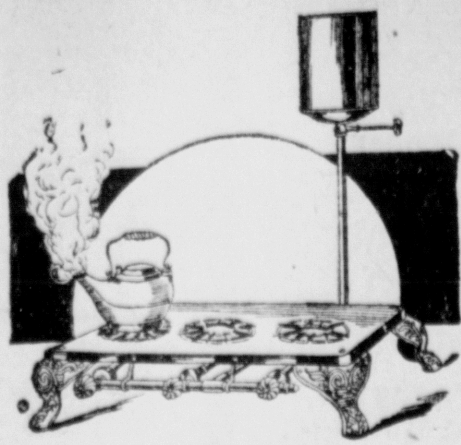
A writer in the St. Louis Globe-Democrat says that few persons have an adequate idea of the amount of labor bestowed by virtuosi in practicing upon their chosen instruments before appearing as public performers. When Liszt was learning piano playing, he practiced ten hours a day for over 12 years. Ole Bull spent over 20 years in almost constant practice on the violin. With Paganini the violin was the study of a lifetime. For over 25 years he never allowed a day to pass without eight or ten hours spent in playing exercises to improve his fingering and facility of execution. Rubinstein devoted over 15 years to studying the piano. Paderewski has devoted a lifetime to his instrument.

Neither a Pauper Nor a Papa.

The Ottawa Herald notes that occasionally a little fun comes into the life of a township assessor. At one house Assessor Wharton found a young bride who persisted in the declaration that her husband had no occupation.

"You don't want me to set him down as a pauper, do you?" facetiously inquired Mr. Wharton.

"Law, no!" responded the young wife, blushing furiously. "We ain't been married but six months."—Kansas City Journal.

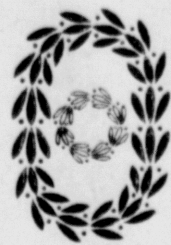


Why

Keep a Range

Full of Red Hot Coals

When you can have comfort these hot days by using one of our



Gas Ranges, Hot Plates, Gasoline Stoves, or Oil Stoves

Our Stock is the Largest
and Prices the Lowest.

THE EAGLE HARDWARE CO.,

Fifth Street, East Liverpool, O.



EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, \$1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

For sale by Alvin H. Fulmer, Druggist, Sixth and W. Market, East Liverpool.

FRENCH ARMY AND NAVY.

England's Traditional Enemy Not Behind Her in Armament.

The French navy ranks next to that of England in numbers, while in efficiency and fighting qualities the French ships are fully equal to their English rivals. In fact, in naval architecture the French early took the lead, and many of the English types of ships were modeled after the French designs, says The Chautauquan. One of the chief differences between the English and the French armored ships today is in the disposition of the armor and the consequent design of the hull. English designers have striven to protect the men working the guns, and to do this they have reduced the length of the ship's armor. French and naval architects, on the other hand, have given little attention to the protection of men and a great deal to the protection of the water line. Therefore they have reduced the breadth of the ship's armor.

It is worthy of note that France is the only great power which levies a tax on such of her citizens as either do not enlist in the standing army or who enlist for a shorter term than three years. Only those who are officially declared "impunitions" are exempt from such a tax. It is payable annually as long as the liability to service lasts, and the revenue from this source amounts to about 30,000,000 francs, or \$6,000,000, annually.

The officers of the French army receive a very thorough education at the different military schools. At the head of these (although not exclusively military) stands the Polytechnic school in Paris, which admits 150 pupils annually after a competitive examination. The course occupies nine months in the year for two years.

As it is impossible to keep under arms for three years the entire annual contingent of recruits, the law provides for the discharge of thoroughly trained men at the end of the first or second year of active service in such proportions as to bring down the peace strength of the army to the number annually determined upon by the general assembly. Preferences in this connection are decided by lot. For this purpose every recruit at his enrollment draws a number, and only those having the highest numbers are entitled to consideration.

Costumes of the Spreewald.

Consul General De Kay writes a paper entitled "An Inland Venice" for The Century. It is a description of life in the Serbian swamp, Vendland. Mr. De Kay says: "School out" at the village school of Burg is a pretty sight. The substantial brick building overlooks the ever murmuring highway, and the

boys and girls, instead of stringing up a dusty road, tumble into punts and pole away for dear life—the boys much like other boys, but the girls reduced facsimiles of their mothers and elder sisters, clad in bright but short raiment and visible afar off through their strange mob caps with wings. As one moves down stream from Burg by Leipe to Lubbenau, these wings grow smaller and collapse, while the skirts grow longer and more resemble the ordinary dress of women. At a dance the Spreewalders know instantly, by the peculiarities of her costume, from what village a woman or girl has come. At Leipe the multitudinous skirts of alarming girth are no more. The gown reaches the ankles, and the cap fits close to the head instead of resting on a framework as in Burg. Thus the dress in Leipe is perhaps more graceful, but it is more commonplace. It no longer testifies to that pride of the peasant father or husband which is shown by the number of yards in the skirts of his woman folk and the variety of their caps, by the richness of their dress as well as their jewelry.

Always Play Cards For Money.

"England is termed puritanical," said a New Yorker who has been in London a good deal, "but English people who consider themselves very proper do things sometimes which would shock people of a similar sort in this country. For instance, even clergymen often play cards for money, and women do so as a matter of course. I never played a game at an English house at which there was not a stake."

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S. J. Martin said today that he had not decided upon a course. Stevenson left home last Sunday at midnight, going in the direction of McDonald, Pa. Since then he has not been seen, and nothing is known of his whereabouts. Mr. Stevenson reiterated to Martin today that he would pay every cent if it was possible. He believes his son has left the country.

ONLY TWO BATS, But They Seemed to Answer Every Purpose.

In the ball game played Saturday at Toronto the Liverpool boys did good work. C. Reark, in middle field, had three hits, three putouts and one error, while McNicol, at short, had one run, three assists and two errors.

The fact that Liverpool only had two bats last Saturday seems to worry the Wellsville people. There happened to be a great many hits in those two bats, and if the team had taken their usual paraphernalia with them they would probably never have stopped hitting the ball.

The Fats and Leans failed to play ball yesterday afternoon, and two picked nines held the diamond. The one headed by Winters won by a score of 5 to 3. The Fats and Leans will play their final game Friday afternoon.

The Maroon ball team, of Second street, will on Saturday play the Irondale team at Irondale.

On the River.

The Queen City passed this port at 9:55 this morning, being several hours ahead of time. The boat was so laden with freight that extra packet barges were required.

Down—Keystone State, Kanawha and Ben Hur. Marks now show a stage of 8.8 feet, and falling.

A Pleasant Trip.

J. J. Purinton left this morning for Detroit to attend a meeting of the United States League of Building and Loan associations. He goes as a delegate of the state association.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure.

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against all adulterations common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., New York.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Walter Cook was in Salineville today.

—W. A. Weaver was in Salineville on business today.

—Roy Henderson has returned, after a visit in Pittsburg.

—Homer Laughlin, Sr., was in Pittsburg on business today.

—Myra Erlanger returned this morning from a trip to Atlantic City.

—Fred Laufenberger left for a short stay in Cleveland this morning.

—Agent Adam Hill has returned from a visit to his home in Canal Dover.

—Joseph Heckathorn, of Milligantown, Pa., is visiting friends in the city.

—Misses Dora and Louise Francy, of Toronto, are visiting friends in the city.

—Miss Bell Whit has returned to the city after a three weeks' stay in Asbury Park.

—Miss Edith Williams, of Warren, has returned home after a visit with friends here.

—W. H. Pollock and J. R. Wise returned from a week's stay in Pittsburg this morning.

—David Arthur left yesterday afternoon for Mt. Clemens, where he will spend several weeks.

—Doctor Wilson, Jr., of Leetonia, was in the city yesterday. He rode over the country on his wheel.

—Miss Clara Henry returned yesterday to Steubenville after a pleasant visit with Miss Alice Goodwin.

—Irvin Dunlap, who has been camping with a party of Leetonia people at Shelton's, returned yesterday.

—Mrs. Charles Newham and children, of Little Rock, Ark., are the guests of Mrs. Lakel, of the Lakel House.

—Miss Jennie Tuck returned this morning to Del Roy, after a visit with Miss Margaret Baxter, Second street.

—Miss Odessa Salmon, who has been the guest of Reverend and Mrs. Salmon, East End, returned today to her home in Harlem Springs.

—Harry Brookes, of the telegraph office, left for Pittsburg this morning on a two weeks' vacation. Before he returns he will take a trip on the lakes.

Out on the Line.

A special from Lisbon this afternoon says that the officials of the Liverpool, Fredericktown and Lisbon road did not arrive there last evening, as was expected, but it is believed they are driving over the line. The Lisbon gentlemen interested in the enterprise are not at home today.

In a Few Weeks.

It is expected that Superintendent Rayman will be here within two weeks to prepare for the opening of school in September. The teachers have not yet been assigned to the different buildings, Mr. Rayman being a member of that committee.

Not Oil Speculators.

It was rumored yesterday that a party of Pittsburg speculators had come to town for the purpose of leasing oil and gas land in this vicinity. The men proved to be salesmen who had driven from a town over the Pennsylvania line.

The Trolley Party.

The trolley party to be given this evening by the Young Men's Christian association will be attended by persons to the number of about 300. Refreshments will be served, and a most enjoyable evening is expected.

Robison Not Well.

A special from Columbus says that Zach Robison is not well. Since his removal to the penitentiary, he has refused to make friends with anyone. He eats but little.

LOST HIS FINGER TIPS

William Bolton's Hand Caught In a Machine.

A NOSE BROKEN ON THE DIAMOND

Paddy Hester Held First Base a Little Better Than Is Usual, and Was Hurt. Bicycle Accidents of More or Less Consequence.

While working this morning at the step ladder factory William Bolton met with a painful accident.

He was working around the machinery, and his right hand was caught in the planer and joiner, taking off the two middle fingers at the first joint and taking the side out of his thumb. The injured man was taken to his home in Jackson street and a physician called who dressed his wounds.

The first baseball accident of the season happened yesterday. Paddy Hester was playing second base at West End park when a man on first attempted to steal. Hester got in front of him and the runner struck Hester with his elbow, breaking his nose. He was assisted to a physician's office and had the injured member reset.

Early last evening a little girl was knocked down at Sixth street and the Diamond by a bicycle. She was standing in the street when the wheelman turned the corner, the handle bars striking the child on the head. Luckily she was not badly hurt.

A rider came to grief in Fifth street early in the evening. His fall was witnessed by a number of persons. He was not severely hurt.

FRIGHTENED A CHINAMAN.

This Afternoon the Culprit Settled With the Mayor.

The police made but one arrest last night, but before the day is over there may be others.

The unlucky one is Alvin Huff, and the charge against him is serious. Officer Whan arrested him on a charge made by a Smoky row Chinaman who told a long story between exclamations which the police did not pretend to understand. He said he was walking down Washington street when Huff and a companion caught him. They demanded his money, and when he protested that he had none proceeded to amuse themselves at the frightened Celestial's expense. Huff was fined \$5.00.

Bob McKinnon was released last night, the fine of \$6.00 having been paid. The others who are wishing they had a little money are Janitor Anderson and Gray and McGavern.

Breaking Camp.

Several parties of Pittsburgers who have been in camp along the river above the city have taken down their tents and gone home. There are still several camps at points down the river.

Hurt His Ankle.

Will Hertel while wrestling at Milwaukee a few days ago severely sprained his ankle, and is at present using crutches. He will return home next month.

A Rock Spring Party.

Invitations were issued by a number of young men of the city for a dancing party to be given at Rock Spring Thursday evening.

Big Business.

The hotels have more business at present than at any other time for weeks. All showed big lists of guests today.

On the Ticket.

The local Prohibitionists have secured enough names to get on the county ticket and are now resting easy.

Buying Horses.

Harrison Rinehart left for Pittsburg this morning, where he expects to buy some horses.

St. Moritz, Switzerland, has the champion toboggan slide of the world. It is three-quarters of a mile long and has been descended in a whiz of 71 seconds.

Tandems and bicycles for rent at W. O. Hamilton's.

FOR RENT.

TO LET:—TWO THREE ROOMED HOUSES. For full particulars, rental, etc., inquire of J. B. McKinnon, No. 111 Washington street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE:—TWO THREE ROOMED houses, with an acre of ground to each. Fine orchard with each house; in Chester, West va. For terms, etc., call on J. B. McKinnon, No. 111 Washington street.

The Time Is Short.

The question of the hour is, are you in the market for the best line of clothing in America? We must sell this stock at some low price. We have a customer for our stock when reduced to a certain point.

We are nearing that point very rapidly therefore, we say again the time is short, and if you are needing a spring suit, now is your opportunity to purchase at less price than manufacturer's price. Remember all is for sale, stock, fixtures and lease. All must go quickly at some price, as we are positively retiring from the business, and anxious to do so as quickly as possible. We say you can get prices of us that no firm in the state of Ohio can offer. Don't delay. This is an important matter for you.

Mothers, bring your boys. Buy Suits for them at lowest prices ever named in the city.

See our stock of Hats and Furnishings.

GEO. C. MURPHY One Price Clothier, Hatter and Furnisher.

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Mr. White also had an experience concerning taxes. He intended to pay the money to Stevenson, but in his absence gave it to Mr. Grosshans, at whose office he called, taking away with him a receipt. In December he saw that his property was advertised for sale, and upon inquiry discovered that Stevenson had not turned over the money to the treasurer.

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S. J. Martin said today that he had not decided upon a course. Stevenson left home last Sunday at midnight, going in the direction of McDonald, Pa. Since then he has not been seen, and nothing is known of his whereabouts. Mr. Stevenson reiterated to Martin today that he would pay every cent if it was possible. He believes his son has left the country.

ONLY TWO BATS,

But They Seemed to Answer Every Purpose.

In the ball game played Saturday at Toronto the Liverpool boys did good work. C. Reark, in middle field, had three hits, three putouts and one error, while McNicol, at short, had one run, three assists and two errors.

The fact that Liverpool only had two bats last Saturday seems to worry the Wellsville people. There happened to be a great many hits in those two bats, and if the team had taken their usual paraphernalia with them they would probably never have stopped hitting the ball.

The Fats and Leans failed to play ball yesterday afternoon, and two picked nines held the diamond. The one headed by Winters won by a score of 5 to 3. The Fats and Leans will play their final game Friday afternoon.

The Maroon ball team, of Second street, will on Saturday play the Irondale team at Irondale.

On the River.

The Queen City passed this port at 9.55 this morning, being several hours ahead of time. The boat was so laden with freight that extra packet barges were required.

Down—Keystone State, Kanawha and Ben Hur. Marks now show a stage of 8.8 feet, and falling.

A Pleasant Trip.

J. J. Parinton left this morning for Detroit to attend a meeting of the United States League of Building and Loan associations. He goes as a delegate of the state association.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER



Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against all forms of adulterations common to the cheap brands.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., New York.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Walter Cook was in Salineville today.

—W. A. Weaver was in Salineville on business today.

—Roy Henderson has returned, after a visit in Pittsburgh.

—Homer Laughlin, Sr., was in Pittsburgh on business today.

—Myra Erlanger returned this morning from a trip to Atlantic City.

—Fred Laufenberger left for a short stay in Cleveland this morning.

—Agent Adam Hill has returned from a visit to his home in Canal Dover.

—Joseph Heckathorn, of Milligantown, Pa., is visiting friends in the city.

—Misses Dora and Louise Francy, of Toronto, are visiting friends in the city.

—Miss Bell Whit has returned to the city after a three weeks' stay in Asbury Park.

—Miss Edith Williams, of Warren, has returned home after a visit with friends here.

—W. H. Pollock and J. R. Wise returned from a week's stay in Pittsburgh this morning.

—David Arthur left yesterday afternoon for Mt. Clemens, where he will spend several weeks.

—Doctor Wilson, Jr., of Leetonia, was in the city yesterday. He rode over the country on his wheel.

—Miss Clara Henry returned yesterday to Steubenville after a pleasant visit with Miss Alice Goodwin.

—Irvin Dunlap, who has been camping with a party of Leetonia people at Shelton's, returned yesterday.

—Mrs. Charles Newham and children, of Little Rock, Ark., are the guests of Mrs. Lakel, of the Lakel House.

—Miss Jennie Tuck returned this morning to Del Roy, after a visit with Miss Margaret Baxter, Second street.

—Miss Odessa Salmon, who has been the guest of Reverend and Mrs. Salmon, East End, returned today to her home in Harlem Springs.

—Harry Brookes, of the telegraph office, left for Pittsburgh this morning on a two weeks' vacation. Before he returns he will take a trip on the lakes.

Out on the Line.

A special from Lisbon this afternoon says that the officials of the Liverpool, Fredericktown and Lisbon road did not arrive there last evening, as was expected, but it is believed they are driving over the line. The Lisbon gentlemen interested in the enterprise are not at home today.

In a Few Weeks.

It is expected that Superintendent Rayman will be here within two weeks to prepare for the opening of school in September. The teachers have not yet been assigned to the different buildings, Mr. Rayman being a member of that committee.

Not Oil Speculators.

It was rumored yesterday that a party of Pittsburgh speculators had come to town for the purpose of leasing oil and gas land in this vicinity. The men proved to be salesmen who had driven from a town over the Pennsylvania line.

The Trolley Party.

The trolley party to be given this evening by the Young Men's Christian association will be attended by persons to the number of about 300. Refreshments will be served, and a most enjoyable evening is expected.

Robison Not Well.

A special from Columbus says that Zach Robison is not well. Since his removal to the penitentiary, he has refused to make friends with anyone. He eats but little.

LOST HIS FINGER TIPS

William Bolton's Hand Caught In a Machine.

A NOSE BROKEN ON THE DIAMOND

Paddy Hester Held First Base a Little Better Than Is Usual, and Was Hurt. Bicycle Accidents of More or Less Consequence.

While working this morning at the step ladder factory William Bolton met with a painful accident.

He was working around the machinery, and his right hand was caught in the planer and joiner, taking off the two middle fingers at the first joint and taking the side out of his thumb. The injured man was taken to his home in Jackson street and a physician called who dressed his wounds.

The first baseball accident of the season happened yesterday. Paddy Hester was playing second base at West End park when a man on first attempted to steal. Hester got in front of him and the runner struck Hester with his elbow, breaking his nose. He was assisted to a physician's office and had the injured member reset.

Early last evening a little girl was knocked down at Sixth street and the Diamond by a bicycle. She was standing in the street when the wheelman turned the corner, the handle bars striking the child on the head. Luckily she was not badly hurt.

A rider came to grief in Fifth street early in the evening. His fall was witnessed by a number of persons. He was not severely hurt.

FRIGHTENED A CHINAMAN.

This Afternoon the Culprit Settled With the Mayor.

The police made but one arrest last night, but before the day is over there may be others.

The unlucky one is Alvin Huff, and the charge against him is serious. Officer Whan arrested him on a charge made by a Smoky row Chinaman who told a long story between exclamations which the police did not pretend to understand. He said he was walking down Washington street when Huff and a companion caught him. They demanded his money, and when he protested that he had none proceeded to amuse themselves at the frightened Celestial's expense. Huff was fined \$5.00.

Bob McKinnon was released last night, the fine of \$6.00 having been paid. The others who are wishing they had a little money are Janitor Anderson and Gray and McGavern.

Breaking Camp.

Several parties of Pittsburghers who have been in camp along the river above the city have taken down their tents and gone home. There are still several camps at points down the river.

Hurt His Ankle.

Will Hertel while wrestling at Milwaukee a few days ago severely sprained his ankle, and is at present using crutches. He will return home next month.

A Rock Spring Party.

Invitations were issued by a number of young men of the city for a dancing party to be given at Rock Spring Thursday evening.

Big Business.

The hotels have more business at present than at any other time for weeks. All showed big lists of guests today.

On the Ticket.

The local Prohibitionists have secured enough names to get on the county ticket and are now resting easy.

Buying Horses.

Harrison Rinehart left for Pittsburgh this morning, where he expects to buy some horses.

St. Moritz, Switzerland, has the champion toboggan slide of the world. It is three-quarters of a mile long and has been descended in a whiz of 71 seconds.

Tandems and bicycles for rent at W. O. Hamilton's.

FOR RENT.

TWO LET:—TWO THREE ROOMED HOUSES. For full particulars, rental, etc., inquire of J. B. McKinnon, No. 111 Washington street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE:—TWO THREE ROOMED houses, with an acre of ground to each. Fine orchard with each house; in Chester, West Va. For terms, etc., call on J. B. McKinnon, No. 111 Washington street.

The Time Is Short.

The question of the hour is, are you in the market for the best line of clothing in America? We must sell this stock at some low price. We have a customer for our stock when reduced to a certain point.

We are nearing that point very rapidly therefore, we say again the time is short, and if you are needing a spring suit, now is your opportunity to purchase at less price than manufacturer's price. Remember all is for sale, stock, fixtures and lease. All must go quickly at some price, as we are positively retiring from the business, and anxious to do so as quickly as possible. We say you can get prices of us that no firm in the state of Ohio can offer. Don't delay. This is an important matter for you.

Mothers, bring your boys. Buy Suits for them at lowest prices ever named in the city.

See our stock of Hats and Furnishings.

GEO. C. MURPHY

One Price Clothier, Hatter and Furnisher.

CLOSING OUT TO QUIT BUSINESS

Our Entire Stock of

\$10,000 Worth of Goods

To be Closed Out In 90 Days

\$2,000 Worth of Wall Paper to Be Sold Regardless of Cost

Borders 18 inches wide at 2c, 3c, 4c a yard. Remnants of wall paper that sold from 5c to 10c at 2c and 3c a bolt.

| | | |
|---|--|---|
| Floor Oil Cloth. 1 yard wide at.....15c and 20c 1½ yards wide at.....23c to 29c 2 yards wide at.....30c to 35c Linoleum.....100 yards at 65c a yard Table oil cloth.....finest quality, 13c a yard Stair and shelf oil cloth.....at 5c a yard Brooms, 15c brooms.....at 10c 25c brooms.....19c Step ladders.....8c per foot | Granite Ware. Tea pots.....25c, 35c Coffee pots.....27c to 49c Tea kettles.....70c to 90c 10 quart bucket.....45c Stew kettles.....at 10c, 25c, 35c Sauce pans.....at 15c, 20c, 35c | Soap. 20 cakes of good laundry soap.....25c 13 10-ounce cakes cabinet.....25c 8 cakes family.....25c Floating soap, ivory size.....2 for 5c Dada soap.....7 for 25c Coca castile soap.....2 for 5c Tar soap.....2 for 5c Honey soap.....2 for 5c |
| Window Shades. On good spring rollers.....at 10c 25c window shades.....at 19c 35c window shades.....at 27c | Glassware. Vase lamps.....65c to \$2 Fancy brass Parlor lamps at away down prices. Glass lamps.....10c, 15c, 25c Tumblers.....20c per dozen; 2 for 5c Fancy engraved.....at 60c per doz. 8 inch glass dishes.....10c No. 1 lamp chimneys.....3c No. 1 Pearl top.....7c Crepe tissue paper, all colors.....12½c | Laces. A large line and sold at a great bargain. A few rolls of 25c matting now sold at 19c. 50c and 75c shirt waists for 25c. Toys, vases, plush goods, blackboards, frames, mirrors, must be sold. Ask for prices. 3 girl's tricycles left, sold for \$6.50, will be sold for \$4.25; 2 Gendron wheels, one ladies' and one gents', to be sold less than cost. |
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| | All 5 and 10c Goods. 5c goods at.....4c 10c goods at.....8c Clark's O. N. T. thread.....3 spools for 10c Clark's common thread.....2c a spool | Books, Bibles, Albums. 300 33c books for.....31c A large line of bibles at away down prices. Albums at less than cost. |

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Extension of the Ohio River Line Is Projected.

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A LUCKY FIND.

Tale of a Valuable Watch That Was Lost on an Elevated Railroad.

"This watch in itself is a valuable one," said a New York business man as he took the timepiece from the peculiar looking fob in which he carries it, "but it had an adventure last week that gives it a still greater value to me. The fob is an heirloom, and, as you may see, would be apt to attract attention anywhere."

"One afternoon last week I was going up town on a crowded train on the Sixth avenue elevated. The train was so crowded that I was compelled to stand on a car platform close to the brake wheel. As the train was rounding the curve out of West Third street I took my watch from my pocket, removed it from the fob, and, after noting the time, shoved it back into the fob and returned it, as I thought, to the pocket. Instead of getting it into the pocket, however, it was on the outside, and as I let it go it fell. The guard saw it as it fell and reached out his foot to save it from going between the platforms, but failed, and down it went."

"I got off the train at Eighth street and ran back as fast as I could to the spot where the watch had dropped, having, I may of course say, not the slightest hope that the watch would be anywhere to be seen. When I reached the place, my heart almost jumped out of my throat, for there in the street, conspicuous among its surroundings, lay the fob. I picked it up. It was empty. No watch could I find anywhere."

"Some one has found it," was naturally my conclusion, and that was the last I ever expected to hear or see of it.

"But as I walked back toward the Eighth street station I got to thinking about the matter differently. If any one had found the watch, why should he have left the fob? The more I thought of it the more I made up my mind that the watch hadn't been found. I boarded a train at Eighth street and went up town to the railroad headquarters. There I told of the singular thing that had happened to my watch, and the officer in charge told me that after the commission hours were over for the day the track walkers would start from Fifty-ninth street down the line, making their regular inspection of the rails and roadway, and he would instruct them to keep an eye out for the lost watch."

"But," said he, smiling, "I guess you will have to come to the conclusion, after all, that some one else will tell the time by it hereafter if it hasn't been smashed to pieces by the fall."

"Next day I went to the office. My

watch was there. A track walker had discovered it by the light of his torch at midnight, lying snugly on one of the girders or braces of the iron roadway beneath the track. The ring was sprung out of its fastening in the stem, and the watch was open. There was a dent on the case at the hinge. In falling the watch had struck in some mysterious way so that it had been forced from the fob, which went on down to the street. Beyond the trifling damage I mentioned the watch was not injured in the slightest. If there ever was a luckier find than that, I never heard of it."—New York Sun.

THE SACRIFICE.

It Made Mamma Sad, but the Baby Gloated and Was Glad.

She was a sweet little woman, with big brown eyes and a pretty air of determination and hardly summoned fortitude, as she led a 4-year-old boy into an up town barber shop. She took off his hat and dallied lovingly for a moment with his long yellow curls. Then she spoke to the man in the first chair, but her voice faltered and fell, and no one else could hear what she said.

In a minute the little chap was perched atop of a hassock placed in the chair, a big apron was around his neck, and the barber with comb and shears in hand was preparing to begin his work.

The little woman seated herself resolutely with her face to the street and gazed straight out at the stream of teams and bicycles that fills Woodward avenue just before noon, but she didn't seem to see anything of the long procession.

"Snip, snip, snip," went the shears, and still she looked straight ahead before her. Then her head began to turn slowly, but before the fatal chair came in view she had recovered her nerve and straightened herself with a little shiver, fixing her gaze once more on the opposite side of the street.

But that couldn't last long. Her hands were beating nervously on the arms of the chair, and the toe of a dainty boot made a rat-a-tat-tat on the tiling. She shifted uneasily in her seat, and pretty soon her head turned again, very slowly this time, until she could see the devastation the shears had wrought.

One side of the little chap's head was already shorn of its long locks, and the unfeeling tonsorial artist held another curl at full length. "Snip" went the shears. The little woman gasped, and a big tear rolled down her cheek. She flicked it off, but another followed it. She didn't look away again, but the barber's task was nearly finished before she trusted herself to speak.

Then she swallowed hard, tried to smile and said in a strained, wabbly voice:

"They're almost gone now, baby." "Yes," responded the youngster, with an approving glance at his reflection in the mirror. "I guess Dick won't call me a little girl any more."—Detroit News.

Their Conversation.

Said Egbert's father to him: "My son, listen to the successful men. Learn wisdom from them. Be silent while they speak, but keep your ears busy. Treasure their words and go and do likewise."

Egbert answered, "Yes, father." In a corner of the hotel two men talked long and earnestly. Egbert watched them from across the room. They were well dressed and substantial. Egbert said, "If I could listen to their conversation, I surely could gather pointers by the basketful, for they must be arranging the details of some large business deal."

The evening wore away. The clock struck the warning hours and other men moved outside, where the air was purer and the weather more tolerable. Excited groups talked politics and in quiet corners men told fish stories, but these men talked without heeding or looking up. And Egbert watched them.

Carelessly and stealthily Egbert walked toward the corner where the men talked. So absorbed were they that they observed him not. He sat down and listened.

"Just think, though, my boy is only 2 years and 3 months, and he talks like an old man."

"Wonderful, wonderful!" broke in the other. "My little girl, just coming 13 months, can distinguish colors and—"

"Strange enough," resumed the first. "When my boy"—

"One day my girl"— The second edged in breathlessly, only to be cut off with, "And my boy"—

Egbert fled into the night.—Chicago Record.

A Pigeon Race.

In France pigeons are regarded as valuable messengers in case of war, and recently the French ministry of war offered a prize for the winner of a pigeon race from Perigueux to Paris, 260 miles. No less than 2,746 birds were entered in the contest. The winner made the distance in 7 hours 34 minutes, an average of over 34 miles an hour.

"Honors of war" is the privilege allowed to the enemy, on capitulation, of being permitted to retain their arms. This is the highest honor a victor can pay a vanquished foe.

HOW MANY VOTES

will the successful candidate for Governor of Ohio receive on election day, November 2d, 1897? We will give

\$5,000

in Prizes

to the users of our popular brands—

Jersey and O.R. Brands

of Standard and High Grade

ROASTED COFFEE

who guess nearest to the correct answer.

To the party who sends us the correct number of votes received by the successful candidate, or the nearest thereto, we will give \$100 in cash, to the next nearest \$100 in cash, to the next nearest \$100 in cash, to the next nearest \$100 in cash, to the next nearest \$50 in cash, to the next nearest \$50 in cash, and numerous other gifts amounting in all to \$5,000.

CONDITIONS:

All guesses must be received not later than the evening of November 1st, 1897. Each guesser must send in ten trade marks (cow and calf) cut from front of wrapper on Jersey Brand, or ten certificates from "O.R." Coffee. Full particulars and slip for guessing will be found in each package of Jersey or O. R. coffee. No restriction as to where you live or how many times you guess. Mail your guesses direct to

Dayton Spice Mills Co., Dayton, O.

SPECIAL OFFER. Cut out this adv. and send to us with a trade mark or 2 certificates with name of newspaper and your guess will be entered.

The News Review

Aims to do careful, correct printing to make something attractive.

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Floor Oil Cloth.

1 yard wide at.....15c and 20c
1 1/2 yards wide at.....23c to 20c
2 yards wide at.....30c to 35c
Linoleum.....100 yards at 65c a yard
Table oil cloth.....finest quality, 13c a yard
Stair and shelf oil cloth.....at 5c a yard
Brooms, 15c brooms.....at 10c
25c brooms.....at 19c
Step ladders.....8c per foot

Window Shades.

On good spring rollers.....at 10c
25c window shades.....at 19c
35c window shades.....at 27c

Tinware.

Largest stock in the city. Cannot give prices on all this line, but will give a few:

Wash boilers.....30c, 40c, 50c
Nickle tea kettles.....at 60c
Nickle coffee and tea pots.....30c and 40c
2 quart coffee pot.....8c
3 and 4 quart coffee pot.....10c
Tin cups.....1c
Tin tea Kettles.....10c
10 quart bucket.....10c
Champion line.....5c
3 quart stew kettle.....10c

Granite Ware.

Tea pots.....25c, 35c
Coffee pots.....27c to 49c
Tea kettles.....70c to 90c
10 quart bucket.....45c
Stew kettles.....at 10c, 25c, 35c
Sauce pans.....at 15c, 20c, 35c

Glassware.

Vase lamps.....65c to \$2
Fancy brass Parlor lamps at away down prices.
Glass lamps.....10c, 15c, 25c
Tumblers.....20c per dozen; 2 for 5c
Fancy engraved.....at 60c per doz.
8 inch glass dishes.....10c
No. 1 lamp chimneys.....3c
No. 1 Pearl top.....7c
Crepe tissue paper, all colors.....12 1/2c

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25c box paper.....19c
Envelopes, per pack.....3c
18 sheets best note paper.....5c

All 5 and 10c Goods.

5c goods at.....4c
10c goods at.....8c
Clark's O. N. T. thread.....3 spools for 10c
Clark's common thread.....2c a spool

Soap.

20 cakes of good laundry soap.....25c
13 10-ounce cakes cabinet.....25c
8 cakes family.....25c
Floating soap, ivory size.....2 for 5c
Dada soap.....7 for 25c
Coca castle soap.....2 for 5c
Tar soap.....2 for 5c
Honey soap.....2 for 5c

Laces.

A large line and sold at a great bargain.
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THE SACRIFICE.

It Made Mamma Sad, but the Baby Gloated
and Was Glad.

She was a sweet little woman, with big brown eyes and a pretty air of determination and hardly summoned fortitude, as she led a 4-year-old boy into an up town barber shop. She took off his hat and dallied lovingly for a moment with his long yellow curls. Then she spoke to the man in the first chair, but her voice faltered and fell, and no one else could hear what she said.

In a minute the little chap was perched atop of a hassock placed in the chair, a big apron was around his neck, and the barber with comb and shears in hand was preparing to begin his work.

The little woman seated herself resolutely with her face to the street and gazed straight out at the stream of teams and bicycles that fills Woodward avenue just before noon, but she didn't seem to see anything of the long procession.

"Snip, snip, snip," went the shears, and still she looked straight ahead before her. Then her head began to turn slowly, but before the fatal chair came in view she had recovered her nerve and straightened herself with a little shiver, fixing her gaze once more on the opposite side of the street.

But that couldn't last long. Her hands were beating nervously on the arms of the chair, and the toe of a dainty boot made a rat-a-tat-tat on the tiling. She shifted uneasily in her seat, and pretty soon her head turned again, very slowly this time, until she could see the devastation the shears had wrought.

One side of the little chap's head was already shorn of its long locks, and the unfeeling tonsorial artist held another curl at full length. "Snip" went the shears. The little woman gasped, and a big tear rolled down her cheek. She flicked it off, but another followed it. She didn't look away again, but the barber's task was nearly finished before she trusted herself to speak.

Then she swallowed hard, tried to smile and said in a strained, wabbly voice:

"They're almost gone now, baby."
"Yes," responded the youngster, with an approving glance at his reflection in the mirror. "I guess Dick won't call me a little girl any more."—Detroit News.

Their Conversation.

Said Egbert's father to him: "My son, listen to the successful men. Learn wisdom from them. Be silent while they speak, but keep your ears busy. Treasure their words and go and do likewise."

Egbert answered, "Yes, father." In a corner of the hotel two men talked long and earnestly. Egbert watched them from across the room. They were well dressed and substantial. Egbert said, "If I could listen to their conversation, I surely could gather pointers by the basketful, for they must be arranging the details of some large business deal."

The evening wore away. The clock struck the warning hours and other men moved outside, where the air was purer and the weather more tolerable. Excited groups talked politics and in quiet corners men told fish stories, but these men talked without heeding or looking up. And Egbert watched them.

Carelessly and stealthily Egbert walked toward the corner where the men talked. So absorbed were they that they observed him not. He sat down and listened.

"Just think, though, my boy is only 2 years and 3 months, and he talks like an old man."

"Wonderful, wonderful!" broke in the other. "My little girl, just coming 13 months, can distinguish colors and"—

"Strange enough," resumed the first. "When my boy"—

"One day my girl!"—The second edged in breathlessly, only to be cut off with, "And my boy!"

Egbert fled into the night.—Chicago Record.

A Pigeon Race.

In France pigeons are regarded as valuable messengers in case of war, and recently the French ministry of war offered a prize for the winner of a pigeon race from Perigueux to Paris, 260 miles. No less than 2,746 birds were entered in the contest. The winner made the distance in 7 hours 34 minutes, an average of over 34 miles an hour.

"Honors of war" is the privilege allowed to the enemy, on capitulation, of being permitted to retain their arms. This is the highest honor a victor can pay a vanquished foe.

HOW MANY VOTES

will the successful candidate for Governor of Ohio receive on election day, November 2d, 1897? We will give

\$5,000

in Prizes

to the users of our popular brands—

Jersey and O.R. Brands

of Standard and High Grade

ROASTED COFFEE

who guess nearest to the correct answer.

To the party who sends us the correct number of votes received by the successful candidate, or the nearest thereto, we will give \$100 in cash, to the next nearest \$100 in cash, to the next nearest \$100 in cash, to the next nearest \$50 in cash, to the next nearest \$50 in cash, and numerous other gifts amounting in all to \$5,000.

CONDITIONS:

All guesses must be received not later than the evening of November 1st, 1897.

Each guesser must send in ten trade marks (cow and calf) cut from front of wrapper on Jersey Brand, or ten certificates from "O.R." Coffee.

Full particulars and slip for guessing will be found in each package of Jersey or O.R. coffee. No restriction as to where you live or how many times you guess.

Mail your guesses direct to

Dayton Spice Mills Co., Dayton, O.

SPECIAL OFFER. Cut out this adv. and send to us with a trade mark or 2 certificates with name of newspaper and your guess will be entered.

The News Review

Aims to do careful, correct printing, to make something attractive.

BIG VOTE FOR HORTON

Liverpool Man Honored by the Sons of St. George.

OTHERS NOT SO FORTUNATE

The Count of the Ballots Showed a Well Known Resident to Be Close to the Head of the List—Preparations For the Grand Lodge Meeting.

Chris Horton, who is prominent in the Sons of St. George, has been honored by the order in this state in being made grand vice president. His vote was the largest cast.

The ballots are cast in the various lodge rooms and counted by some lodge selected for that purpose. Montgomery lodge, of Canton, was chosen this time, and the count resulted as follows:

For grand president, Thomas Austin of Massillon, 241 votes; grand vice president, Chris Horton, of East Liverpool, 242 votes; grand secretary, E. V. Shaylor, Columbus, 140; F. Stork, Akron, 98; grand treasurer, J. Huggill, Akron, 241; grand messenger, A. W. Proud, Cleveland, 84; T. Booth, Youngstown, 76; J. S. Wilson, New Straitsville, 54; T. Ash, Columbus, 25; grand trustee, S. W. Smith, Canton, 87; Robert Reay, Massillon, 42; E. E. Ashby, Cleveland, 59; T. C. Neal, Rendville, 51. Chairman of committees—Finance, J. G. Clementson, Cleveland, 109; J. T. Leach, Fort Wayne, Ind., 92; A. W. Dawson, Indianapolis, Ind., 36; appeals and grievance, R. Reay, Massillon, 59; G. Hooker, Cleveland, 64; F. C. Read, Cleveland, 6; Richard Pugh, Cleveland, 10; R. Worrall, Youngstown, 98; on laws, F. Kendall, Canton, 201. To be elected it is necessary to obtain over half the votes cast, so that only the president, vice president, secretary, treasurer and chairman on committee on laws were elected.

The other officers will be elected at the state meeting to be held in Nelsonville, Aug. 17, 18, 19. The local organization will be well represented.

WILL HEAR REPORTS.

Council May Spend This Evening In That Way.

Council will meet this evening, and from all appearances the time will be taken up in hearing reports. Committees will report on changing the grades of Elm street and Pennsylvania avenue, and whether the Standard pottery should be permitted to place scales in Broadway. It is probable the bill of Cunningham & Shingleton for \$230 will be disposed of as Dr. R. J. Marshall is at home. The W. J. McClurg gas company ordinance will not come up, and the light report of Mr. Olmhausen will go over until Mr. Peach returns.

THE DISPATCH

Began Regular Trips to the Virginia Shore Today.

The new ferryboat Dispatch arrived at this port last evening and began its regular trips this morning. The boat is a sidewheeler, and is larger than the Ollie Neville. The old boat was taken to New Cumberland last evening, where it will be remodeled and put in the East Liverpool and Steubenville trade. It is the intention of the present owner to reduce the rates before the first of August.

Condemned by Authority.

Many of the boys in the city have placed upon their bicycles rubber bands which cause a peculiar sound as they ride. A well known authority on bicycling this week condemns the practice, and says ordinances should be passed in every city to stop it. He gives as his reason that bicycles are enough in themselves to frighten horses without adding anything to them.

A Cabinet Meeting.

A district cabinet meeting of the Epworth League began this morning in Steubenville, and was well attended. Al Farren is the delegate from the First M. E. church of this city. Business for the various officers of the League was the only matter considered.

Postponed a Musical.

The private musical and elocutionary entertainment to have been given next Friday evening at Rock Spring has been postponed for one week, owing to the fact that the talent desired could not be secured.

At Sunrise.

There will be another sunrise praise service at the First M. E. church next Sunday. It will begin at 6:30 in the morning.

Use Prof. Field's worm powders. Single trial proves their worth, at druggists.

A \$20,000,000 FRAUD.

That Is What the Bridal Package In the Government Treasury Is Declared to Be.

"I hate to shatter a pet delusion by giving the facts in the case," said a former clerk in the treasury department at Washington, "but fraud ought to be exposed regardless of consequences, and the greatest fraud I know of is the famous 'bridal package' of the treasury vaults.

"I say famous, but it isn't famous in a general sense. It is famous only among bridal couples. I don't know how it is, but every bridal couple that go to Washington on their wedding tour—and it seems to me that about nine-tenths of the bridal couples of the country go to Washington—know all about that package, and the bride can't rest until she goes through the regular routine connected with it. No visit to Washington by a stranger is complete without an inspection of the treasury vaults, but if his or her visit is a non-bridal one the fraud of the package isn't played.

"I don't know who it was in the department that first imposed it on a bridal pair, but it went, and it grows in popularity every year. When the couple enter the vault, the man in charge, after a few preliminary and perfunctory remarks, reaches up on a shelf, takes down a package of notes, and tells the bride to take it in her hand, if she hasn't asked for it the very first thing. He then tells her that the package contains \$20,000,000 in treasury notes, all in denomination of \$10,000 each. The bride is delighted, of course, and when she goes back home she talks for weeks about having held \$20,000,000 in her hand all at one time. The bridegroom can't resist enjoying that same pleasure, and he fondles the package awhile, and the pair go away blissful over the experience, while the treasury vault man tosses the package back on the shelf and chuckles.

"Now this is all simply a gigantic fraud on the young people. The treasury at Washington does not hold that amount of money. The bulk of the government money is at the subtreasury in this city. That 'bridal package' is a gay deceiver. It does contain notes to the amount of \$20,000,000, of the denomination of \$10,000 each, but they're not money, because they're not signed. So instead of having held in their hands \$20,000,000 the happy couple have fondled simply a package that represented no more value than the price of the paper and the printing on it. It may be cruel to shatter this pretty delusion, but my conscience forbids me to carry the burden of its concealment any longer; hence these facts."—New York Sun.

A Workman and His Work.

The wife of a friend of mine is the possessor of a thin gold watch chain. It is something after the pattern of a cable. Each link is finely finished, and the workmanship is that of an artist. In examining it closely one would even think that the person who made it was in love with his work. It is a mechanical masterpiece. My friend made it a gift to his wife about 15 years ago, and it is not only highly prized by her on that account, but also because of its design and finish. A week or two ago one of the links broke.

"I will get that fixed for you all right," said my friend. "I know just the man to take it to. He is not a jeweler, but a machinist by trade, and I would rather give a job like this to him than to a jeweler. He has a mechanical genius which runs to work of this kind."

My friend took the chain to the genius. He has a small, mean looking shop in an ancient, dilapidated building in an unlikely street down town. He examined the chain carefully and appeared to become reflective over it. Then his face lit up with a smile as he said:

"I remember this chain very well. I made it 15 years ago."—Brooklyn Eagle.

The Passing of the Cayuse.

Fossil collections gathered in old lake beds of eastern Oregon demonstrate that the broad plains between the Rocky and Cascade mountains were the original habitat of the prehistoric horse, a fleet little animal no larger than a fox which in the long ago scampered over the lonely land. After the lapse of ages the modern horse is now to degenerate upon the stamping ground of his ancestors. The cayuse has become so valuable by the invasion of the electric car and the bicycle and the disappearance of the stagecoach and the wagon train that the halter has been taken from his neck and he has been turned loose to struggle with nature for his own subsistence. Over this section many thousand head of wild horses now roam as untrammelled as in prehistoric days, and during the past winter these perished in large numbers.

It is a case of the survival of the fittest. The cayuse, like the red man, may read his doom in the setting sun, but the well bred horse can still look civilization in the face and demand shelter and oats in abundance.—Spokane Spokesman-Review.

He Had Failed.

"My friend," solemnly remarked the man in black, "you don't know how hard it is to lose your wife."

"Hard?" he echoed. "My dear sir, it is simply impossible."—Chicago Times-Herald.

Sir Henry Irving's Magnanimity.

The changes of fortune place people sometimes in peculiar and embarrassing positions. A good story is told of Sir Henry Irving, the famous actor. When a young man, earning his laurels and comparatively unknown, Shakespeare's play "Much Ado About Nothing" was about to be presented to the public by a certain manager of prominence. Irving had a part assigned to him, which he diligently studied. Letter perfect in his lines, he felt assured of ultimate success, but unfortunately the manager disliked his acting of it and took occasion to censure him before the company, much to his mortification. Furthermore, the manager took the part away and gave him another, less prominent, but more difficult.

Years went by, and Irving steadily climbed to a fame that brought him knighthood, while the critical manager gradually lost ground. One day, shortly after Irving announced his intention of producing "Much Ado About Nothing," the old manager presented himself and asked that a part be assigned to him. Irving granted the request and gave him the very part he had forced him to play years before. During rehearsal Irving narrowly watched the manager's acting and at the conclusion went up to him and shook his hand after gravely complimenting him upon his rendering of the part. Then he promoted him to the part from which he had been reduced. "I never knew what 'foals of fire' meant till then," was the remark which the old actor and manager was overheard to make when Irving retired.—Harper's Round Table.

The Awful Carib Fish.

A traveler in Venezuela gives an interesting description of the fish of the Orinoco country. He says the party several times came in contact with the carib fish, which are the most ferocious inhabitants of the water known. The fish are not over 14 inches long, but they travel in schools. Their teeth are three cornered. Any living object which attracts their attention is attacked with fury. Mr. Thompson tells of an Indian woman who entered the water to fill a bucket. She was attacked by the fish and reached shore only to die in 15 minutes. The flesh was literally torn from her body. Mr. Dart, who was with Mr. Thompson, caught one of the fish and pulled it upon the bank. He held the carib under his foot while he pointed at the peculiar teeth with his finger. With a quick movement the carib flopped out from under Mr. Dart's foot and seized him by the finger, cutting that member to the bone. The fish frequently have been known to bite ordinary fishhooks in two.

Another fish which the party often came across was the morocoote, the flavor of which is like Lake Superior whitefish, only more delicate. The morocoote is provided with molar teeth and subsists on vegetable matter, which it thoroughly masticates before swallowing. Another peculiar creature found was the morocoy, a species of land turtle, which at night utters a cry of wonderful sweetness, plaintive and clear.—Exchange.

Salted Ore.

It is not generally known that it is possible to salt ore with gold just as it is possible for an unscrupulous man to salt the mine in which gold is found. In the one case the fraud is comparatively easy to detect, while in the other it would defy even an expert, and therefore shareholders, induced by the over-flattering reports of a perfectly honest assayer, could be readily taken in. The gentleman who demonstrated this possibility is a Mr. J. C. Johnson of Adelaide, Australia, who, making experiments with different salts of gold, found that he could produce quite natural looking specimens of gold bearing quartz from stones whose previous assay showed that they contained no particle of gold. Furthermore, the gold penetrates the stone in the most natural manner possible. Indeed, pieces of this artificially produced gold quartz were exhibited some little time ago at the Imperial institute in Edinburgh.—Pearson's Weekly.

French as She Is Spoke.

The Emerald Isle is not the only habitat of bulls, and the connection between the Gallic and Celtic races must be close indeed, if the following gems, given upon no less an authority than that of the Journal des Tribunaux as emanations of the judicial mind in France are to be considered genuine:

"Justice is not a clandestine cavern where people are strangled behind their backs."

"I esteem my honorable colleague too highly to admit for a moment that he can believe in the truth of what he alleges."

"That house of business was but a forest of bandits."

"The defunct took his place at the table, meanwhile manifesting a keen displeasure at not having been invited."

"You are to blame for building sumptuous palaces that throw dust into people's eyes."—New York Commercial.

One hundred and four young women were graduated from Vassar this year. It was the largest class in the history of the college.

There are eight chapters of colored King's Daughters in New York, and all are doing a good work among colored people.



Low Rates For Vacation Trips and Outings Along the Ocean.

Round Trip From Steubenville Only \$10.

General excursions to the seashore at exceptionally low rates will be inaugurated by the Pennsylvania lines this summer, offering a grand opportunity for delightful outings at the most popular ocean resorts on the continent. This announcement will be good news to persons who may desire to enjoy their vacations at the seaside. They may visit Atlantic City, Cape May, Avalon, Sea Isle City, Anglesea, Ocean City, Holly Beach or wildwood, at very low fare, round trip tickets to either resort being obtainable at the same rate.

The first excursion will be run Thursday, July 15, followed by others on July 19th, August 12 and 21. Round trip rates to either Atlantic City, Cape May, Avalon, Sea Island City, Anglesea, Ocean City, Wildwood or Holly Beach, New Jersey, will be \$10 from Steubenville.

Excursion tickets will be good going on trains leaving Steubenville 4:24 a. m., 1:09 p. m., 2:15 p. m., and 4:08 p. m. The 4:45 a. m. train connects in Pittsburgh Union Station with a special train of parlor cars and coaches running through to Atlantic City via Delaware bridge route, arriving at Philadelphia at 6:25 p. m., Atlantic City, 8:55 p. m., making the run from Pittsburgh to the seashore in 12 hours. Excursionists may spend the night in Philadelphia and proceed to the shore by any regular train the following day. The 4:08 p. m. train has sleeping cars from Steubenville to Philadelphia without change, and will connect in Pittsburgh union station with sleeping cars running through to Atlantic city.

The return limit will cover 12 days including date of sale, which will be ample for customary 10 days' vacation. For further desired information, apply to J. K. Dillon, D. P. A., Pittsburgh, Pa., for particulars. Illustrated description of resorts to which excursion tickets will be sold, with list of hotels, and boarding houses at each, will be furnished upon application.

Low Rates.

Special reductions in fare over the Pennsylvania lines will be granted for numerous events to take place this summer in various parts of the United States, in addition to local excursions. Some of the points to which tickets will be sold and dates of sale are as follows:

To Nashville, Tenn., daily to October 15, for Tennessee Centennial and International exposition.

To Winona assembly grounds, Eagle Lake, (near Warsaw, Ind.) May 15 to August 31, for annual assembly and summer school.

To Indianapolis, September 8 and 9, for National Encampment Sons of Veterans.

The reduced rates over the Pennsylvania lines will not be restricted to members of the organizations mentioned, but may be taken advantage of by the public generally. Excursion tickets may be obtained at ticket offices on the Pennsylvania system and will also be sold over this route by connecting railways. Any Pennsylvania line ticket or passenger agent will furnish desired information concerning rates, time of trains, return limit, and other details, to all applicants, or the same may be obtained by addressing Samuel Moody, assistant general, passenger agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Excursions to Nashville.

The Tennessee Centennial and International exposition will be in progress at Nashville, Tenn., from May until October inclusive. Special low rate round trip ticket will be sold via Pennsylvania lines for this event. Full particulars concerning fare, dates of sales, time of train, etc., may be obtained upon application to the nearest Pennsylvania line ticket agent, or by addressing D. C. MacWatters, district passenger agent, Pittsburgh, Pa.

A most suggestive epitaph is that on the tomb of Alexander the Great, "Sufficit hic tumultus, cui non sufficeret orbis" (this tomb suffices for him for whom the world did not suffice).

Greek and Roman doors always opened outward, and when a man was passing out of a house he knocked on the door, so as not to open it in the face of a passerby.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh Div. Pennsylvania Lines.

Schedule of Passenger Trains—Central Time.

| Westward. | 3:35 | 3:37 | 3:39 | 3:41 | 3:59 |
|-----------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Pittsburgh | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Rochester | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Beaver | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Vanport | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Industry | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Cooks Ferry | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Smiths Ferry | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| East Liverpool | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Wellsville | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Wellsville | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Wellsville Shop | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Yellow Creek | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Hammondsville | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Irontoile | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Sallenville | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Bayard | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Alliance | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Ravenna | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Hudson | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Cleveland | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Wellsville | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Wellsville Shop | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Yellow Creek | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Port Homer | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Empire | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Elliottsville | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Toronto | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Browns | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Steubenville | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Mingo Je | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Brilliant | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Rush Run | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Portland | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Yorkville | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Martins Ferry | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Bridgeport | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Bellaire | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Eastward. | 3:10 | 3:30 | 3:50 | 4:10 | 4:30 |
| Bellaire | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Bridgeport | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Martins Ferry | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Yorkville | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Empire | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Rush Run | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Brilliant | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Mingo Je | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Steubenville | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Browns | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Toronto | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Elliottsville | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Port Homer | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Yellow Creek | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Wellsville Shop | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Wellsville | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Wellsville | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Wellsville Shop | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
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| Wellsville | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| East Liverpool | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Smiths Ferry | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Cooks Ferry | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Industry | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Vanport | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Beaver | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Rochester | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |
| Pittsburgh | iv | iv | iv | iv | iv |

Pullman Sleeping Cars are run on Nos. 337 and 338 between Pittsburgh and Cleveland via Yellow Creek and Alliance. No. 336 connects at Rochester for New Castle, Jamestown, Youngstown, Niles, Warren, Ashland and intermediate stations. No. 340 for Erie, Ashland and intermediate stations. Nos. 335 and 337 connect at Bayard for New Philadelphia, and stations on Tuscarawas Branch. Nos. 340 and 360 connect with Nos. 337 and 335 at Wellsville.

L. F. LOREE, General Manager, E. A. FORD, General Passenger Agent, 11-15-96-H PITTSBURGH, PENN'A.

For time cards, rates of fare, through tickets, baggage checks, and further information regarding the running of trains apply to any Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE.

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Old and new agents for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the

MUNN & CO.,
361 Broadway, New York.

Wade

The Jeweler.

Can now be found in his handsome new quarters,

Foutts & Stevenson Block, MARKET STREET.

Rubber Stamps

Exclusive agency for the Celebrated AIR CUSHION RUBBER STAMPS.

NEWS REVIEW.

DYSPEPSIA, Heartburn, Gastritis, and all Stomach Disorders positively cured. Grover Graham's Dyspepsia Remedy is a specific. One dose removes all distress, a permanent cure of the most chronic severe cases is guaranteed. Do not be deceived. A 50 cent bottle will convince.

BRIGHT, SPICY.... RAIRD & S. Vogan, Contractor, killed at the J. R. O. distillery. A timber, which lead. He leaves in.

DYSPEPSIA, Heartburn, Gastritis, and
all Stomach Disorders
positively cured. Gro-
ham's Dyspepsia Remedy is a se-
cure. One dose restores all disor-
ders. A permanent cure of the most chro-
nic cases is guaranteed. Do
not let a 50 cent bottle will convince
you.

RAIRD & Co., Vogan,
Contractor,
on the Jr. O.
was killed at
the distillery. A
timber, which
he had. He leaves

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.
Merchants and business men must have advertisements in this office on the evening previous to insertion in this paper. This rule is imperative, and is an absolute necessity resulting in good to paper and patron.

The largest bonafide "paid" general circulation of any daily published in East Liverpool. Advertisers will make note.
HARRY PALMER,
Manager.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

A spectacle fakir held forth this morning in the Diamond.
E. M. Knowles and Will Hill left today for a hunting trip.
The household effects of Albert Steele, Trenton, arrived in this city this morning.
A new sidewalk is being placed in front of the Rigby property in Market street.
The colored mandolin club spent last evening serenading a number of their friends.
F. W. Fowler, of the Union, is home from San Francisco and other points in the west.
The East Liverpool Athletic club returned last evening from camp at New Philadelphia.
An excavation is being made in the street in front of the Hotel Grand. The sewer is clogged up.
A small crowd last evening attended the dance at Rock Spring, but a very enjoyable time was spent.
B. F. Bradshaw left for a trip in the interest of the Union this afternoon. He will be absent two months.
Owing to a leak in the water main, a new box and shutoff are being put in at Fourth and Washington streets.
The Steubenville presbytery of the United Presbyterian church began a two-day's session at Calcutta today.
The committee having in charge the sports for Labor day held a brief session last night, and today they are soliciting prizes.
A catfish, said to weigh 47 pounds, was caught near Walker last evening. Its length is also said to be 4 feet 10 inches.
Conductor Jordan, who was laid off on account of the East End wreck, several weeks ago, will return to work next Friday.
The finance committee of council will not report in favor of paving Jackson, Jefferson and Monroe streets, and it is probable the work will not be done this year.
Frank Oyster's cat now treads the classic precincts of Smoky wearing but a small portion of what was once a handsome tail. A freight train disposed of the other part.
Word reached here today that Mrs. Anna McDermott had been granted a pension of \$8 per month with back pay from Jan. 21, 1895. She was also granted \$2 per month for each of six minor children.
S. Fowler, of Vanport, and Arthur Bauman, of Pittsburg, government engineers, were in the city this morning and took the dimensions of the new bridge for the war department.
John W. Hall today received word from Monroe Patterson which said he might not return to this city until Aug. 15. His ticket does not expire until then, and he is enjoying his stay in the west.
The funeral of Miss Ella Frederick will take place tomorrow afternoon from the residence of her parents in Robinson street, Doctor Lee and Doctor Taggart officiating. Interment will be made at Riverview.
Word was received in this city last evening that William H. Charles, secretary of the Young Men's Christian association, was improving, and if a relapse did not set in he would recover. He has been in the hospital almost two months.
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COUNTING APPLE SEEDS.
Beside the hearth one winter night,
Made rosy by the great log's light,
That, flaming up the chimney dark,
Hit every cranny, every nook,
Upon the rug a little maid
Sat curled in pose demure and staid.

In pensive mood, with dreamy eyes,
She sits, while up the chimney flies
A thought with every fiery spark,
Glinting and flashing through the dark,
Till with a sigh profound and deep
She moves as one moves in her sleep.

A rosy apple in her hand
A weight of thought seems to demand.
She taps it with a finger light,
Then carefully she takes a bite,
Another bite, now one, now two,
The core is thus exposed to view.

Another sigh! What can it be,
My little maid, that aileth thee?
Ah! What is this? Some incantation,
Muttered with such reiteration?
Hark! As each seed her bright eyes see,
These are the words that come to me:

"One I love, two I love,
Three I love, I say!
Four I love with all my heart,
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Here a tear rolls brightly down.
What the secret she has won?
Who can say? But just behind
Sounds a voice so soft and kind:
"Look again! Thou must indeed
Find for me another seed!"

Rosier her bright cheeks grow
In the firelight's ruddy glow.
Sure enough, a culprit seed
Finds she in the core indeed.
"From thy lips I fain would hear
What the sixth one means, my dear."

"Six he loves," she murmured low.
And the firelight's flickering glow
Two happy faces now disclose,
With cheeks aglowing like the rose.
But here we'll let the curtain fall,
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One parent in the midlands bestowed on his progeny military as well as social rank. One of his children is christened Baron, another Captain, another Colonel and another Major General. London Truth has this statement from one who knows this titled family, and they are to be found at the present time in the neighborhood of Birmingham. At this rate every Tommy Atkins in the next generation may be a field marshal.

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GOLD FEVER GR. WING.
Klondyke Has a Strong Hold on the People of Juneau.
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FORT ALGER IN ALASKA.
A Proposition Being Considered to Establish a Post Near Klondyke.
WASHINGTON, July 27.—The secretary of war is considering a proposition that has been made to him to establish a military post in Alaska.
The commercial interests of the territory are at the bottom of the movement, and have requested that a company of infantry and a gatling gun brigade be located at a post, to be christened "Fort Alger," near the boundary line about 250 miles west of Klondyke and 2,000 miles above the mouth of the Yukon river.
There is some doubt of the power of the president to establish a post as proposed without congressional authorization and that aspect of the question has been brought to the attention of the attorney general for an opinion. An early decision must be reached if the troops are to be sent to the new post this season. Meanwhile volunteers for service in Alaska are already coming forward.

Hail Storms In Nebraska.
OMAHA, July 27.—Specials from interior points give accounts of terrific hail storms in various sections of Nebraska. At Franklin the wind blew a hurricane. Several houses were unroofed and a grain elevator was destroyed.

Former Pennsylvanian Dead.
MANHATTAN, Kan., July 27.—Colonel John B. Anderson, one of the oldest and most prominent citizens of central Kansas, is dead. Colonel Anderson was born in Washington county, Pa., 80 years ago.

The Weather.
Rain, probably clearing tonight; brisk to high southeasterly winds, becoming westerly.

LEAGUE GAMES YESTERDAY.
At Pittsburg—
Pittsburg.....0 0 5 1 0 0 0 0 0 6-10 3
Philadelphia.....0 0 1 2 3 1 3 0 0-15 2
Batteries—Hawley and Merritt; Orth and Clements. Umpire—Emslie. Attendance, 80.
At Louisville—
Louisville.....1 0 0 2 1 0 0 0 0 4-8 0
Brooklyn.....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1-3 1
Batteries—Evans and Wilson; Payne and Burrell. Umpire—Hurst. Attendance, 500.
At Cleveland—
Cleveland.....2 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 1 0-5 10 5
N. York.....2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0-1-6 2 3
Batteries—Powell and Zimmer; Rusie and Warner. Umpire—O'Day. Attendance, 800.
At St. Louis—
St. Louis.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0-3 7 3
Boston.....0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0-2 6 2
Batteries—Donahue and Murphy; Stivett and Bergen. Umpire—McFarland. Attendance, 2,000.
Chicago-Cincinnati game postponed—Rain.

Standing of the Clubs.
W L Pc W L Pc
Boston.....53 23 .697 Pittsburg.....35 40 .467
Cincinnati.....48 25 .658 Chicago.....25 44 .449
Baltimore.....48 26 .649 Louisville.....35 44 .444
N. York.....45 31 .600 Brooklyn.....32 44 .421
Cleveland.....42 34 .553 Wash.....29 46 .387
Philadelphia.....38 42 .475 St. Louis.....18 60 .231

League Schedule Today.
Cincinnati at Chicago, New York at Cleveland, Brooklyn at Louisville, Philadelphia at Pittsburg; Boston at St. Louis and Washington at Baltimore.

The Interstate Games.
At Wheeling—
Wheeling.....0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0-3 8 10
Toledo.....3 0 0 2 2 4 2 0 0-13 11 1
Batteries—Kollowell, Coyle and Gordon; Kelb and Arthur.
At Mansfield—
Mansfield.....3 5 0 0 0 1 1 2 0-12 12 5
Dayton.....0 1 1 0 3 1 2 0 0-8 11 7
Batteries—Ely and Vetter; Bates and Keltner.
At Youngstown—
Youngstown.....0 4 3 4 0 0 0 0 0-11 18 3
Springfield.....2 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 5-9 10 2
Batteries—Jordan and Zinram; Poole, Madden and Rupert.
At New Castle—
New Castle.....1 0 0 4 2 0 0 0 1-8 11 3
Ft. Wayne.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0-4 7 2
Batteries—Kimball and Graffius; Darby and O'Meara.

Interstate League Standing.
W L Pc W L Pc
New Castle.....51 23 .682 Ft. Wayne.....40 36 .526
Toledo.....51 26 .662 Mansfield.....28 47 .373
Dayton.....43 35 .544 Springfield.....26 47 .356
Youngstown.....39 34 .534 Wheeling.....26 52 .331

Interstate Schedule.
Springfield at Youngstown, Dayton at Mansfield, Fort Wayne at New Castle and Toledo at Wheeling.

According to the computation of the Russian chronologists the creation took place B. C. 5508.

MINER U'ED AN AX
Arising From a Broken Stump, He Chopped Sleeping Companions.
GREENSBURG, Pa., July 27.—Hermine, a little mining village at the terminus of the Hempfield branch, is the scene of what will in all probability prove a double murder. James Porter and John Hyde, two striking miners, were visiting Robert Rodgers, who is employed in the Ocean mines at Hermine. They drank heavily and soon became dead drunks.
When Hyde awoke he got an old ax which was in the room and proceeded to use it upon his two sleeping companions. He struck Rodgers on the head, fracturing his skull and rendering him insensible. He then attacked Porter, fracturing his skull, besides cutting a terrible gash in his neck. The injuries of both men will likely prove fatal. Hyde is in jail.

Resumed After Three Years.
LOUISVILLE, July 27.—The Avery plow factory has resumed operations after a three years' shut down, giving employment to 1,000 men.

Woman Sentenced to Rock Pile.
DANVILLE, Ill., July 27.—Magistrate Timmons of this city has sentenced Maggie Sellers, a disorderly woman, to the rock pile for 30 days.

Willed Money to a School.
OSHKOSH, Wis., July 27.—The will of Robert McMillan, the lumber king, bequeathed \$25,000 to Lawrence university at Appleton.

THE MARKETS.
PITTSBURG, July 26.
WHEAT—No. 1 red, 76 1/2c; No. 2 red, 75 1/2c; spring wheat, 75c.
CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 3 @ 31c; No. 2 shelled, 3 @ 32 1/2c; high mixed shelled, 32 1/2c.
OATS—No. 1 white, 25 @ 24 1/2c; No. 2 do., 24 @ 24 1/2c; extra No. 3 white, 23 1/2 @ 23 1/2c; light mixed, 23 @ 22 c.
HAY—No. 1 timothy, 8 2/3 @ 12 1/2c; No. 2, 8 1/4 @ 10 1/2c; No. 1 clover, mixed, 88. @ 95.50; packing, 86. @ 96.50; No. 1 feeding prairie, 87. @ 98.50; wagon hay, 12.00 @ 13.00 for timothy.
POULTRY—Live—Large spring chickens, 45 @ 50c per pair; small, 27 @ 30c per pair; large old chickens, 6 @ 70c per pair; small, 5 @ 45c per pair; ducks, 4 @ 90c per pair; turkeys, 7 @ 80c per pound. Dressed—Spring chickens, 18 @ 20c per pound; old chickens, 16 @ 18c per pound; ducks, 15 @ 16c per pound; turkeys, 14 @ 14c per pound.
BUTTER—Elgin prints, 16 1/2 @ 17c; extra creamery, 16 @ 16 1/2c; Ohio fancy creamery, 14 @ 14 1/2c; country roll, 8 @ 9c; low grade and cooking, 5 @ 6c.
CHEESE—New York, full cream, new make, 8 @ 9c; Ohio, full cream, new make, 7 1/2 @ 8c; Wisconsin Swiss, in tubs, 11 1/2 @ 12c; Limburger, new, 8 @ 8 1/2c; Ohio Swiss, in tubs, 10 1/2 @ 11c; Swiss, in blocks, 5-pound average, 9 @ 9 1/2c.
EGGS—Strictly fresh Pennsylvania and Ohio, in cases, large lots, 10 @ 1 1/2c; in a jobbing way, 11c; selected fancy stock, 11 1/2 @ 12c.

PITTSBURG, July 26.
CATTLE—Supply fair; market active; prices higher. We quote the following prices: Extra, \$4.90 @ 5.00; prime, \$4.80 @ 4.90; good, \$4.60 @ 4.70; tidy, \$4.30 @ 4.50; good butchers', \$4.10 @ 4.30; fair, \$3.90 @ 4.10; common, \$3.50 @ 3.70; heifers, \$3.00 @ 3.20; bulls, stags and cows, \$2.00 @ 3.75; bologna cows, \$5.00 @ 15.00; fresh cows and springers, \$20.00 @ 40.00.
HOGS—Receipts, 16 cars on sale; market active. Prime pigs, best light Yorkers and good mediums, \$5.95 @ 6.00; common to fair Yorkers and mediums, \$3.90 @ 4.95; heavy, \$3.60 @ 4.70; r. uigs, \$2.25 @ 2.75.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts light 12 cars on sale. Sheep strong and 1c higher; lambs dull. We quote the following as our prices: Choice, \$4.25 @ 4.30; good, \$4.10 @ 4.20; fair, \$3.60 @ 3.90; common, \$2.70 @ 3.40; spring lambs, \$3.75 @ 4.75; veal calves, \$5.50 @ 5.75; heavy and thin calves, \$3.00 @ 4.00.
CINCINNATI, July 26.
HOGS—Market active and higher at \$3.10 @ 3.80.
CATTLE—Market steady at \$2.25 @ 4.85.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for sheep strong at \$2.2 @ 3.75. Lambs—Market steady at \$3.50 @ 5.05.

NEW YORK, July 26.
WHEAT—Spot market quiet; No. 2 red, 80 1/2 @ 81 1/2c.
CORN—Spot market steady; No. 2, 31 1/2c.
OATS—Spot market steady; No. 2, 22c.
CATTLE—Market active and firm for steers; stags and oxen, \$2.50 @ 4.50; bulls, \$2.65 @ 3.10; dry cows, \$2.00 @ 3.15.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Market for good sheep and lambs steady; other grades 1/2c off. Sheep, \$2.75 @ 4.40; lambs, \$4.00 @ 5.50.

WE want you to know there is a "Standard" Sewing Machine Company. If you don't know it we cannot get your trade. This company has existed eleven years. It commenced with \$200,000 capital. It has increased each year in sales and in capital. It now has \$2,000,000 invested. It has an immense factory and most complete facilities for making 300 machines per day. It has already made and sold 325,000 machines, each one speaking for itself and the company that made it.
It can now turn out 100,000 machines every year. The recent rapid growth of its trade and large demand will justify this output.
It wants your trade, and will give you the best machine in the world. Carefully examine it. Recognize the principles on which it is constructed. No other like it—because it costs too much for the old line companies to make. Their old style antiquated machinery will not do the close and accurate work necessary to turn out a rotary. It is twenty years ahead of all competition. Highest grade, fastest speed, finest made, the "Standard" of the world. Young, ambitious, enterprising, it knows that to succeed in face of the steady competition and calumny of the older companies it must give you a machine very far superior in principle and workmanship. It has done so, and the 325,000 users of its goods are unanimous in saying so. It wants your intended purchases also. Its machines are better than the best, and it stands by this assertion. Prove it by its use, and if not so it will never cost you one cent. Ask for the "Standard."
SMITH & PHILLIPS, East Liverpool, O.

BE VERY CAREFUL HEALTH IS A PRECIOUS GIFT
YOUR HEALTH, at times, demands that care shall be taken of your physical system. Pure drugs, properly prepared, may be the "stitch in time" which saves you from severe sickness. None but pure drugs, prepared by graduated Pharmacists, are made use of at
REED'S OPERA HOUSE PHARMACY.

ZEB KINSEY'S GREAT WALL PAPER SALE
Ingrain wall paper 3c, 18 inch border 3c 1000 bolts nice wall paper 2c a bolt. 2400 fine parlor matches for 10c. Window blinds 4c, on rollers 10, 15, 25c. 6 table knives, 6 forks only 38c. One full set Pott's sad irons 75c. 12 Jolly glasses, 25c. 12 tumblers 25c. Mason's jars, all sizes, rubbers and lids for Mason's jars. Hammocks 50c, \$1.00 and \$2.00. Nickle tea kettle 75c. 50c fine box paper now 30c. 25 heavy cream envelopes 5c. Picnic plates, paper napkins, house paints, furniture paint, Bicycle enamel for 25c. Fine Pen tablets, 5c, 10c and 15c. Scissors sharpened free.

WANTED---10,000 MEN AND WOMEN
To take advantage of these prices. Our goods are fresh and our prices the lowest. Please compare our regular prices with other so-called special prices.
Granite Tea Pots, 25 and 30c.
Granite Tea Kettles, 55 and 65c.
Ten-quart Buckets, 43c.
Granite Sauce Pans, 12c and up.
Special Children's Hose, 25c hose, 15c.
Extra quality Sun Bonnets, 20c.
Patent Paper Buckets, 15c.
It will pay you to get our prices on 5 and 10 cent goods before buying elsewhere.

Rayl & Allison, 102 SIXTH STREET, DR. J. BERT GEORGE, SURGEON DENTIST, Room 4, Foutts' Bld., Fifth and Market. Office hours—8:30 a. m. to 12 m. 1:30 to 5:00 p. m.

Dr. Geo. D. Arnum, Surgeon Dentist, Specialties: Syndicate Bldg., Crown and Bridge Work, Sixth St. and Preservation of the Natural Teeth.

LADIES DO YOU KNOW DR. FELIX LE BRUN'S Steel & Pennyroyal Pills
are the original and only FRENCH, safe and reliable cure on the market. Price, \$1.00; sent by mail. Genuine sold only by For sale by Will Reed, East Liverpool, O.

Model Livery and Fine Undertaking.
LIVERY—The finest livery in the city. First-class roadsters and splendid vehicles. Prices reasonable. Courteous treatment to one and all. Feed and sale stable attached.
UNDERTAKING—This special feature is given cloce attention. All orders will be met promptly. You will find that it will pay you to patronize the fine establishment of
John Rinehart, 179 to 183, Second Street.

IMPORTANT TO ADVERTISERS.

Merchants and business men must have advertisements in this office on the evening previous to insertion in this paper. This rule is imperative, and is an absolute necessity resulting in good to paper and patron.

The largest bonafide "paid" general circulation of any daily published in East Liverpool. Advertisers will make note.
HARRY PALMER,
Manager.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

A spectacle fakir held forth this morning in the Diamond.

E. M. Knowles and Will Hill left today for a hunting trip.

The household effects of Albert Steele, Trenton, arrived in this city this morning.

A new sidewalk is being placed in front of the Rigby property in Market street.

The colored mandolin club spent last evening serenading a number of their friends.

F. W. Fowler, of the Union, is home from San Francisco and other points in the west.

The East Liverpool Athletic club returned last evening from camp at New Philadelphia.

An excavation is being made in the street in front of the Hotel Grand. The sewer is clogged up.

A small crowd last evening attended the dance at Rock Spring, but a very enjoyable time was spent.

B. F. Bradshaw left for a trip in the interest of the Union this afternoon. He will be absent two months.

Owing to a leak in the water main, a new box and shutoff are being put in at Fourth and Washington streets.

The Steubenville presbytery of the United Presbyterian church began a two-day's session at Calcutta today.

The committee having in charge the sports for Labor day held a brief session last night, and today they are soliciting prizes.

A catfish, said to weigh 47 pounds, was caught near Walker last evening. Its length is also said to be 4 feet 10 inches.

Conductor Jordan, who was laid off on account of the East End wreck, several weeks ago, will return to work next Friday.

The finance committee of council will not report in favor of paving Jackson, Jefferson and Monroe streets, and it is probable the work will not be done this year.

Frank Oyster's cat now treads the classic precincts of Smoky wearing but a small portion of what was once a handsome tail. A freight train disposed of the other part.

Word reached here today that Mrs. Anna McDermott had been granted a pension of \$8 per month with back pay from Jan. 21, 1895. She was also granted \$2 per month for each of six minor children.

S. Fowler, of Vanport, and Arthur Bauman, of Pittsburgh, government engineers, were in the city this morning and took the dimensions of the new bridge for the war department.

John W. Hall today received word from Monroe Patterson which said he might not return to this city until Aug. 15. His ticket does not expire until then, and he is enjoying his stay in the west.

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She sits, while up the chimney flies
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FORT ALGER IN ALASKA.

A Proposition Being Considered to Establish a Post Near Klondyke.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The secretary of war is considering a proposition that has been made to him to establish a military post in Alaska.

The commercial interests of the territory are at the bottom of the movement, and have requested that a company of infantry and a gatling gun brigade be located at a post, to be christened "Fort Alger," near the boundary line about 250 miles west of Klondyke and 2,300 miles above the mouth of the Yukon river.

There is some doubt of the power of the president to establish a post as proposed without congressional authorization and that aspect of the question has been brought to the attention of the attorney general for an opinion. An early decision must be reached if the troops are to be sent to the new post this season. Meanwhile volunteers for service in Alaska are already coming forward.

Hail Storms in Nebraska.

OMAHA, July 27.—Specials from interior points give accounts of terrific hail storms in various sections of Nebraska. At Franklin the wind blew a hurricane. Several houses were unroofed and a grain elevator was destroyed.

Former Pennsylvanian Dead.

MANHATTAN, Kan., July 27.—Colonel John B. Anderson, one of the oldest and most prominent citizens of central Kansas, is dead. Colonel Anderson was born in Washington county, Pa., 50 years ago.

The Weather.

Rain, probably clearing tonight; brisk to high southeasterly winds, becoming westerly.

LEAGUE GAMES YESTERDAY.

At Pittsburgh—
Pittsburgh.....0 0 5 1 0 0 0 0—6 19 3
Philadelphia.....0 0 1 2 3 1 0—10 15 2
Batteries—Hawley and Merritt; Orth and Clements. Umpire—Emslie. Attendance, 80.

At Louisville—
Louisville.....1 0 0 2 1 0 0 0—4 8 0
Brooklyn.....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1 3 1
Batteries—Evans and Wilson; Payne and Burrell. Umpire—Hurst. Attendance, 500.

At Cleveland—
Cleveland.....2 0 1 0 0 0 1 0—5 10 5
N. York.....2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1 6 2 3
Batteries—Powell and Zimmer; Russe and Warner. Umpire—O'Day. Attendance, 800.

At St. Louis—
St. Louis.....1 0 0 0 0 0 2 *—3 7 3
Boston.....0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0—2 6 2
Batteries—Donahue and Murphy; Stivett and Bergen. Umpire—McFarland. Attendance, 2,000.

Chicago-Cincinnati game postponed—Rain.

Standing of the Clubs.

| W | L | Pc | W | L | Pc |
|-------------------|----|----|-----------------|----|----|
| Boston..... | 53 | 23 | Pittsburgh..... | 35 | 40 |
| Cincinnati..... | 48 | 25 | Chicago..... | 35 | 44 |
| Baltimore..... | 48 | 26 | Louisville..... | 35 | 44 |
| N. York..... | 45 | 31 | Brooklyn..... | 32 | 44 |
| Cleveland..... | 42 | 34 | Washington..... | 29 | 46 |
| Philadelphia..... | 38 | 42 | St. Louis..... | 18 | 60 |

League Schedule Today.

Cincinnati at Chicago, New York at Cleveland, Brooklyn at Louisville, Philadelphia at Pittsburgh; Boston at St. Louis and Washington at Baltimore.

The Interstate Games.

At Wheeling—
Wheeling.....0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0—3 8 10
Toledo.....0 0 0 2 2 4 2 0—13 11 1
Batteries—Llewellyn, Coyle and Gordon; Kelb and Arthur.

At Mansfield—
Mansfield.....3 5 0 0 0 1 1 2—12 12 5
Dayton.....0 1 1 0 3 1 2 0—8 11 7
Batteries—Ely and Vetter; Bates and Keltner.

At Youngstown—
Youngstown.....4 3 4 0 0 0 0—11 18 3
Springfield.....2 0 0 0 0 2 0 0—5 9 10 2
Batteries—Jordan and Zinram; Poole, Madden and Rupert.

At New Castle—
New Castle.....1 0 0 4 2 0 0 0—1 8 11 3
Ft. Wayne.....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 3—0 4 7 2
Batteries—Kumball and Griffith; Darby and O'Meara.

Interstate League Standing.

| W | L | Pc | W | L | Pc |
|-----------------|----|-----|------------------|----|-----|
| New Castle..... | 23 | 562 | Ft. Wayne..... | 40 | 536 |
| Toledo..... | 51 | 36 | Mansfield..... | 38 | 47 |
| Dayton..... | 43 | 33 | Springfield..... | 26 | 47 |
| Youngstown..... | 34 | 534 | Wheeling..... | 32 | 52 |

Springfield at Youngstown, Dayton at Mansfield, Fort Wayne at New Castle and Toledo at Wheeling.

According to the computation of the Russian chronologists the creation took place B. C. 5508.

MINER USED AN AX.

Arising From a drunken Stupor, He Chopped Sleeping Companions.

GREENSBURG, Pa., July 27.—Hermine, a little mining village at the terminus of the Hempfield branch, is the scene of what will in all probability prove a double murder. James Porter and John Hyde, two striking miners, were visiting Robert Rodgers, who is employed in the Ocean mines at Hermine. They drank heavily and soon became dead drunk.

When Hyde awoke he got an old ax which was in the room and proceeded to use it upon his two sleeping companions. He struck Rodgers on the head, fracturing his skull and rending him insensible. He then attacked Porter, fracturing his skull, besides cutting a terrible gash in his neck. The injuries of both men will likely prove fatal. Hyde is in jail.

Resumed After Three Years.

LOUISVILLE, July 27.—The Avery plow factory has resumed operations after a three years' shut down, giving employment to 1,000 men.

Woman Sentenced to Rock Pile.

DANVILLE, Ill., July 27.—Magistrate Timmons of this city has sentenced Maggie Sellers, a disorderly woman, to the rock pile for 30 days.

Willed Money to a School.

OSHKOSH, Wis., July 27.—The will of Robert McMillan, the lumber king, bequeathed \$25,000 to Lawrence university at Appleton.

THE MARKETS.

PITTSBURGH, July 26.

WHEAT—No. 1 red, 76¢; No. 2 red, 75¢; 76¢; spring wheat, 75¢.
CORN—No. 2 yellow ear, 3¢; No. 2 shelled, 3¢; high mixed shelled, 32¢; 32¢.

OATS—No. 1 white, 25¢; No. 2 do., 24¢; extra No. 3 white, 23¢; light mixed, 22¢.

HAY—No. 1 timothy, 8.20; No. 2, 8.10; No. 3, 8.00; mixed, 8.00; No. 2, 8.00; No. 1 clover, mixed, 8.00; No. 1, 8.00; No. 2, 8.00; No. 3, 8.00; No. 4, 8.00; No. 5, 8.00; No. 6, 8.00; No. 7, 8.00; No. 8, 8.00; No. 9, 8.00; No. 10, 8.00; No. 11, 8.00; No. 12, 8.00; No. 13, 8.00; No. 14, 8.00; No. 15, 8.00; No. 16, 8.00; No. 17, 8.00; No. 18, 8.00; No. 19, 8.00; No. 20, 8.00; No. 21, 8.00; No. 22, 8.00; No. 23, 8.00; No. 24, 8.00; No. 25, 8.00; No. 26, 8.00; No. 27, 8.00; No. 28, 8.00; No. 29, 8.00; No. 30, 8.00; No. 31, 8.00; No. 32, 8.00; No. 33, 8.00; No. 34, 8.00; No. 35, 8.00; No. 36, 8.00; No. 37, 8.00; No. 38, 8.00; No. 39, 8.00; No. 40, 8.00; No. 41, 8.00; No. 42, 8.00; No. 43, 8.00; No. 44, 8.00; No. 45, 8.00; No. 46, 8.00; No. 47, 8.00; No. 48, 8.00; No. 49, 8.00; No. 50, 8.00; No. 51, 8.00; No. 52, 8.00; No. 53, 8.00; No. 54, 8.00; No. 55, 8.00; No. 56, 8.00; No. 57, 8.00; No. 58, 8.00; No. 59, 8.00; No. 60, 8.00; No. 61, 8.00; No. 62, 8.00; No. 63, 8.00; No. 64, 8.00; No. 65, 8.00; No. 66, 8.00; No. 67, 8.00; No. 68, 8.00; No. 69, 8.00; No. 70, 8.00; No. 71, 8.00; No. 72, 8.00; No. 73, 8.00; No. 74, 8.00; No. 75, 8.00; No. 76, 8.00; No. 77, 8.00; No. 78, 8.00; No. 79, 8.00; No. 80, 8.00; No. 81, 8.00; No. 82, 8.00; No. 83, 8.00; No. 84, 8.00; No. 85, 8.00; No. 86, 8.00; No. 87, 8.00; No. 88, 8.00; No. 89, 8.00; No. 90, 8.00; No. 91, 8.00; No. 92, 8.00; No. 93, 8.00; No. 94, 8.00; No. 95, 8.00; No. 96, 8.00; No. 97, 8.00; No. 98, 8.00; No. 99, 8.00; No. 100, 8.00; No. 101, 8.00; No. 102, 8.00; No. 103, 8.00; No. 104, 8.00; No. 105, 8.00; No. 106, 8.00; No. 107, 8.00; No. 108, 8.00; No. 109, 8.00; No. 110, 8.00; No. 111, 8.00; No. 112, 8.00; No. 113, 8.00; No. 114, 8.00; No. 115, 8.00; No. 116, 8.00; No. 117, 8.00; No. 118, 8.00; No. 119, 8.00; No. 120, 8.00; No. 121, 8.00; No. 122, 8.00; No. 123, 8.00; No. 124, 8.00; No. 125, 8.00; No. 126, 8.00; No. 127, 8.00; No. 128, 8.00; No. 129, 8.00; No. 130, 8.00; No. 131, 8.00; No. 132, 8.00; No. 133, 8.00; No. 134, 8.00; No. 135, 8.00; No. 136, 8.00; No. 137, 8.00; No. 138, 8.00; No. 139, 8.00; No. 140, 8.00; No. 141, 8.00; No. 142, 8.00; No. 143, 8.00; No. 144, 8.00; No. 145, 8.00; No. 146, 8.00; No. 147, 8.00; No. 148, 8.00; No. 149, 8.00; No. 150, 8.00; No. 151, 8.00; No. 152, 8.00; No. 153, 8.00; No. 154, 8.00; No. 155, 8.00; No. 156, 8.00; No. 157, 8.00; No. 158, 8.00; No. 159, 8.00; No. 160, 8.00; No. 161, 8.00; No. 162, 8.00; No. 163, 8.00; No. 164, 8.00; No. 165, 8.00; No. 166, 8.00; No. 167, 8.00; No. 168, 8.00; No. 169, 8.00; No. 170, 8.00; No. 171, 8.00; No. 172, 8.00; No. 173, 8.00; No. 174, 8.00; No. 175, 8.00; No. 176, 8.00; No. 177, 8.00; No. 178, 8.00; No. 179, 8.00; No. 180, 8.00; No. 181, 8.00; No. 182, 8.00; No. 183, 8.00; No. 184, 8.00; No. 185, 8.00; No. 186, 8.00; No. 187, 8.00; No. 188, 8.00; No. 189, 8.00; No. 190, 8.00; No. 191, 8.00; No. 192, 8.00; No. 193, 8.00; No. 194, 8.00; No. 195, 8.00; No. 196, 8.00; No. 197, 8.00; No. 198, 8.00; No. 199, 8.00; No. 200, 8.00; No. 201, 8.00; No. 202, 8.00; No. 203, 8.00; No. 204, 8.00; No. 205, 8.00; No. 206, 8.00; No. 207, 8.00; No. 208, 8.00; No. 209, 8.00; No. 210, 8.00; No. 211, 8.00; No. 212, 8.00; No. 213, 8.00; No. 214, 8.00; No. 215, 8.00; No. 216, 8.00; No. 217, 8.00; No. 218, 8.00; No. 219, 8.00; No. 220, 8.00; No. 221, 8.00; No. 222, 8.00; No. 223, 8.00; No. 224, 8.00; No. 225, 8.00; No. 226, 8.00; No. 227, 8.00; No. 228, 8.00; No. 229, 8.00; No. 230, 8.00; No. 231, 8.00; No. 232, 8.00; No. 233, 8.00; No. 234, 8.00; No. 235, 8.00; No. 236, 8.00; No. 237, 8.00; No. 238, 8.00; No. 239, 8.00; No. 240, 8.00; No. 241, 8.00; No. 242, 8.00; No. 243, 8.00; No. 244, 8.00; No. 245, 8.00; No. 246, 8.00; No. 247, 8.00; No. 248, 8.00; No. 249, 8.00; No. 250, 8.00; No. 251, 8.00; No. 252, 8.00; No. 253, 8.00; No. 254, 8.00; No. 255, 8.00; No. 256, 8.00; No. 257, 8.00; No. 258, 8.00; No. 259, 8.00; No. 260, 8.00; No. 261, 8.00; No. 262, 8.00; No. 263, 8.00; No. 264, 8.00; No. 265, 8.00; No. 266, 8.00; No. 267, 8.00; No. 268, 8.00; No. 269, 8.00; No. 270, 8.00; No. 271, 8.00; No. 272, 8.00; No. 273, 8.00; No. 274, 8.00; No. 275, 8.00; No. 276, 8.00; No. 277, 8.00; No. 278, 8.00; No. 279, 8.00; No. 280, 8.00; No. 281, 8.00; No. 282, 8.00; No. 283, 8.00; No. 284, 8.00; No. 285, 8.00; No. 286, 8.00; No. 287, 8.00; No. 288, 8.00; No. 289, 8.0